HUBBUCK'S
PATENT WHITE ZINC PAINT

HUBBUCK'S PALE BOILED LINSEED OIL.
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THOMAS HUBBUCK & SON, LIMITED.
24, Lime Street, London.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,375 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—SATURDAY, MARCH 7, 1891.

McEWAN'S BEER.
As Supplied to all Military Stations.
Rs. 57, per Hogshead.
Rs. 26, per Kilderkin.
The finest Draught Beer Shipped to Australia And the East.
AGENTS—CUTLER, PALMER AND Co.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessel.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday. 1891.
† SIAM	3041	500	J. F. Jephson	7th Mar.
B.L. PESHAWAR	3527	600	W. A. Wheler	14th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	21st ,,
B.L. BENGAL	4499	800	W. Barratt	28th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	4th Apr.
B.L. ROSETTA	3525	700	C. Gadd	11th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	18th ,,
B.L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	25th ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd May
B.L. PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	9th ,,
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	16th ,,
B.L. CLYDE	4126	800	J. L. Partitt	23rd ,,
† SIAM	3041	500	H. Weighell	Friday. 29th May.

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers tranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard Magazine, before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.
A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board and only hand Cargo will be received.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains.	Tuesday, 5 P.M.
PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris.	....24th Mar
ROME	5011	1000	A. W. Adamson	7th Apr.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H.P.	Captains. About
MALWA	2970	500	C. Preston ....12th Mar.
BOKHARA	2855	500	H. Weighell ....26th ,,
THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton .. 9th Apr.

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 5th March, 1891.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and vice versa at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy, Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.
Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Hamburg Tariff.
Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.
The following or other First Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th Mar. 1891.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st April, 1891.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	20th April, 1891.
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	10th May, 1891.
R. RUBATTINO	5,000	800	1st June, 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.
European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 200 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food, in case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer To sail
BISAGNO .....On the 19th March, 1891.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, March 1, 1891.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,300	750	1st April '91.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May '91.
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st June '91.
AMPHITRITE	....	4,200	600	10th June '91.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail.
PANDORA	G. Mottol	3,900	500	18th March '91.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Geddia, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
MARIA TERESA	R. Deporis	3,300	550	24th March '91.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
2nd March, 1891.

ANCHOR LINE.

Vessels.	Captains.	Tons.	To sail
M. NUBIA	T. G. Knox	3551	21st March.
L. HISPANIA	S. Abroy	3380	27th ,,
M.L. ASSYA	Jas. Laird	3593	24th April.
M. BRITANNIA	Jas. Brown	3939	12th May.
L. ARMENIA	Geo. Read	3395	30th ,,

Steamer marked B.M. goes to Barcelona via Marseilles.
Steamers marked L. proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M. to Marseilles only.
Steamer marked M.L. goes to Liverpool via Marseilles, and books passengers for both Ports.
Passengers by two Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles).
Each Steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced Stewardess, and is fitted up with every Comfort for First-Class Passengers.
All the State Rooms are on the Upper Deck.
For further Particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 2nd March, 1891.

THOS. COOK AND SON,

TOURIST AND GENERAL PASSENGER AGENTS.

PASSAGES ENGAGED by P. and O. and all Lines of Steamers FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION, and special attention given to the selection of berths.
THROUGH TICKETS issued from any Railway Station in India to all parts of the Globe, allowing breaks of Journey any where en route.
INTERPRETERS met Steamers at all Chief Continental Ports to assist holders of Cook's Tickets.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued of the value of £20, £10, £5, which are cashed by any of our Agents and Banking Correspondents in all parts of the World.
Drafts issued at the Exchange of the day on our Branch Offices.
SOVEREIGNS, BANK NOTES, &c., bought and supplied at very favourable rates.
A Copy of "COOK'S ORIENTAL TRAVELLERS GAZETTE," containing latest information of Steamer Sailings, Quarantine, &c., &c., sent free on application to
THOS. COOK & SON,
Bombay, Rampart Row. Calcutta, 11, Old Court House Street.

SWIFT AND FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.,
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No 9 HUMMUM STREET, FORT. BOMBAY.

GRATEFUL! COMFORTING!!

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws, which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage, which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of this Date, *Civil Service Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in ½lb. and 1 pound tins, labelled thus—

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HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE.

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BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,132 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 11th March, and the

S. S. "ASKA," 430 tons, at 11 a.m., on 7th March, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie, and Kurrachee, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "SIMLA," 1,554 tons, at 11 a.m., on the 8th March, after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Bahrein, Buskire, Fao, Mahomerah, and Busreh.

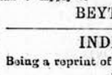
FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "ELLORA," 1,970 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 12th March, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be as certained on application to the undersigned.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 6th March, 1891. Agents.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND EAST INDIA AGENTS,
BOMBAY.



PASSSAGE engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines at the lowest rates obtainable *FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.*

SECOND SALOON accommodation by P. and O. secured at very low rates, and special attention paid to the grouping of Passengers.

Full information as to berths available, and lists of Passengers already booked, furnished at once.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. HENRY S. KING & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. KING, BAILLIE & Co. Messrs. KING KING & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at low rates : Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired ; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

LOANS granted on easy terms. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principal towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

Correspondence invited, and a copy of Messrs. King, King and Co.'s "Hand-book for Homeward bound Passenger" forwarded on Application, free of charge.

KING HAMILTON & Co., KING, BAILLIE & Co.
CALCUTTA. LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., LONDON.

"ANCHOR LINE."

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES DIRECT.
S. S. NUBIA ..... 3,351 Tons. Sailing 21st March.
BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.
S. S. HISPANIA ..... 3,380 Tons. Sailing 27th March.

THESE STEAMERS WILL SAIL punctually as above. They carry a Surgeon and Stewardess. Passengers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles.)

For rates of Passage apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 3rd March 1891.

SCOTT AND Co., M.R.C.V.S., VETERINARY SURGEONS.

HORSE EXAMINATION CERTIFICATES Rs. 10 ; Examination and Verbal Opinion Rs. 5 ; Horses standing at livery on Commission sale, Rs. 35 per month, including horse-keeper. Commission on Horses bought and sold, Rs. 17. Up-country commissions towards buying and selling of horses will meet our best attention. Horses broken to single and double harness in the yard, Single, Rs. 15 ; double, Rs. 30. The Horse-shoeing Forge under the management of a thoroughly practical English Farrier and every class of shoeing done.

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REVISED ESTIMATES
FOR
Hodgart's Combined Lever, and Hydraulic Cotton Presses Engines, Pumps and Boilers, &c., Pressing Machinery for all purposes. Mill Engines of all descriptions up to 5,000, I. H. P. Mill Gearing. Also all adaptations of Hydraulic lan t. Apply to
BEYTS, CRAIG & Co., Bombay.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being a reprint of two letters to the *Bombay Gazette*, and a Lecture by
F. BEAUCLERK.
Price 8 Annas,
CAN BE HAD AT
THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."
Messrs. THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
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GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.
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INVESTMENTS.—The purchase and sale effected of GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, BANK. and all other SHARES and STOCKS. INTEREST and DIVIDENDS realised. SECURITIES kept in safe custody. Printed forms of Powers of Attorney supplied.

Commission on purchases and sales	¼ per cent.
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GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment, and approved CHEQUES on MADRAS received at par.

LOANS and ADVANCES made on convertible Securities and on approved personal Security with Life Assurance.

FIXED DEPOSITS.—Interest allowed on sums of Rs. 500 and upwards.

For 3 months 3 per cent. per annum.
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LAZARUS' SPECIALITE SPECTACLES.

Can be obtained from and fitted by
THACKER and Co., LD.,
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THACKER & Co., LD.,
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THE SYMPHONIUM is a self-acting MUSICAL BOX of a novel and ingenious construction. It has the advantage over all Musical Boxes, as it gets never out of time, and will play ANY NUMBER of Tunes. Price, inclusive of 12 METAL discs or Tunes, Rs. 75, Rs. 130, and Rs. 175 each.

Additional Tunes from Rs 1 to 1-8 each. We invite inspection.

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MEMORY—LOISETTE'S System. A Cambridge University Lecturer (Dr. R. N. Ingle) was (Jan. 1890), "Much impressed with the possibilities of improvement to Memory which the LOISETTE Lessons spent up." In three weeks I was able to memorise the names, &c., of 400 men." Major Jamieson, Bengal S.C. "I intend to educate my son entirely on your system."—Rev. C. E. Cookin, M. A., Rector of Lea (Sept., 1889). "Great advantage to strong memory : Incalculable aid to weak one." Dr. J. M. Buckley. "Able to give gist of book after reading it once." Rev. J. M. Macdonld, B. A. "Excellent travelling companion."—J. B. Haye, Commander, R.N. "Wonderful aid to Memory."—Mirza Sader-ud-din-Khan, "Invaluable."—J. J. Francis Q. C. "Does not involve much labour."—Statesman, 23rd Oct., 1887.

"Tremendously popular in Oxford."—Pall Mall Gazette, 4th Feb. 1890. Prospectus Free. Class, Private, Rs. 75 ; Ten pupils, Rs. 10 each. Apply to F. Fisk Williams Esq ; Calcutta ; or to Prof. LOISETTE, 37, New Oxford Street, London, England.

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TREACHER and Co., Ld., beg to invite attention to their large Stock (specially selected for India) of

SPORTING AMMUNITION AND ALL SHOOTING REQUISITES.

SHOT CARTRIDGES.

	Per 100 Rs. a.
Eley's Brown, No. 12 Gauge "Field Loaded" ...	8 8
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with Schultze's Powder	9 8

These Cartridges materially improve the shooting of any Gun.

TREACHER AND CO. ARE APPOINTED AGENTS FOR ELEY BROS.

GUNPOWDER.

Pigou, Wilks, and Laurence's Alliance Powder ...Per tin Rs. 2 6
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TREACHER & Co. are the Sole Agents in the Bombay Presidency for Pigou, Wilks, and Laurence's CELEBRATED ALLIANCE PRIZE POWDER AND FOR SCHULTZE'S WATERPROOFED POWDER.

Chilled Shot.	Cartridges for Cases.
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Cartridges for Guns.	Wads.
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GUNS, RIFLES, AND REVOLVERS by one of the best English Makers.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept, and Interest allowed on any amount.
FIXED DEPOSITS received at rates of Interest, to be ascertained on application.
PAY, PENSIONS and ANNUITIES Collected Free of Commission without Life Certificate.
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LADIES' SHOP WITH HOME,

By Indian Parcels Post.
Consider the excessive Rate of Exchange, and economise all Intermediate Profits.
High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials Direct from the Manufacturers,
AT LOOM PRICES !
SAVING 50 PER CENT.
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Spinners and Manufacturers,
THE MILLS, DARLINGTON,
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High-Class Drapery & Dress Materials
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Latest Fashion at First Cost,
FRESH FROM THE DARLINGTON LOOMS,
Patterns Free, on approval, to any address in India
THE LOVELY
DARLINGTON ZEPHYRS,
and New Darlington Skirtings, together with the Celebrated Darlington Cross-Warp Serges, and Golci-Mecial Merinos and Cashmeres.
All exquisite Fabrics renowned for their stylish appearance, thorough Money Value, and Hard Wearing Qualities.

SPECIALITIES FOR INDIA.

High-Class Pure Wool Fabrics for Ladies' and Gentlemen's Wear.
For the Climate of the Hills, and in the Plains during the Cold Weather Season.

DARLINGTON PURE WOOL SERGES.

Dyed by Special Process, for the Sea-side, Travelling and Tourist Wear. Guaranteed to withstand Sun, Rain and Salt Water, in Light-weighted Yarns for Ladies' Yachting Costumes, Ladies' Travelling Dresses, Gentlemen's Boating and Tennis Suits. Stouter Yarns for Boys' and Girls' Rough Wear.
ANY LENGTH of MATERIAL CUT on no matter how short. All Goods warranted to be equal to the Samples, and all Parcels carefully Packed for Export.
All Orders are executed the same day as received.
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UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF THE ROYAL BOMBAY YACHT CLUB
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Buy direct from Manufacturer. A single Box can be had at the rate per 1,000.

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	Per 1,000. Rs.	Discount on 5,000 to 10,000. per cent.	Discount on 15,000. per cent.	Discount on 20,000. per cent.
Buckinghams	40	10	15	20
Wellingtons, No. 1	25	10	15	20
Wellingtons, No. 2	22-8	10	15	20
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Connemaras	17-8	10	15	20

TRICHY CIGARS.

Morris' Beehives, No. 1	16-4	10	15	20
Morris' Beehives, No. 2	13-12	5	10	15
O. K. Morris' (Barrel)	15	10	15	20
O. K. Johnsons (Hoodie)	16-4	10	15	20
O. K. Dawsons (Straws)	13-12	5	10	15

The above rates are for Cigars, packed in Cedarwood Boxes of 100, (Buckinghams in 50's) delivered at Railway Station, Bangalore.
An extra charge at 6 annas per 1,000, up to 10,000, is made for deal-wood packing cases covered with tarpaulin.
Over 10,000 packed free.
Terms.—To Regimental Institutions, Cash on Receipt of Goods. To trade, and all others, V. P. system for orders under Rs. 100 ; over that amount, half value to be remitted with order, or satisfactory reference ; and Rail Receipt per V. P. Post for balance of amount due.

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FASHIONABLE JEWELLERY.

PRETTY Canadian Gold Chains, Lockets, Pendils, Tooth picks, Complete shirt buttons, Bracelets, Bangles, Earrings, Eardrops (all pair), Scarf pins, Scarf rings, Brooches, Broochpins, Hat-sprays, Spectacle frames, Cigar holders, Thimbles and Rings, set with scientific Diamonds, Saphires, Rubies, Emeralds, &c., at Rs. 1-8-0 per each. V. P. P. Mr. M. Smith, Salt Inspector, Rajputana Sambhar Salt, says :—"A German valued the diamond ring at Rs. 50, and ruby at Rs. 30." Nickel Silver timepiece for Rs. 4 ; guaranteed 3 years.

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TREACHER'S HEART-LABELLED SPIRITS.

TREACHER & Co. have the utmost confidence in recommending these choice Spirits ; in Purity, Quality, and Excellence they are unsurpassed by any in India.

	Cash per doz. Rs. a.
TREACHER'S Superior Old HOLLANDS ..... A pure wholesome spirit in case 15 flasks.	34 0
TREACHER'S Old Plymouth Gin ..... Dry and pure, very palatable flavour.	24 0
TREACHER'S Dry Unsweetened GIN ..... A perfectly pure spirit, very superior.	24 0
TREACHER'S Sweetened Old Tom GIN ..... High quality and delicate flavour.	21 0
TREACHER'S Finest Old Jamaica RUM	25 0
TREACHER'S Glenlivet WHISKY ..... A blend of the finest Original Highland Whiskies of a particularly delicate aroma and flavour.	26 0
TREACHER'S Old Irish WHISKY ..... A fine matured spirit, soft and mellow.	26 0
TREACHER'S Extra Special Liqueur GLENLIVET WHISKY ..... A Genuine Ripe Old Whisky, its rich flavour and aroma are due to age alone.	30 0
TREACHER'S Highland Malt WHISKY ..... A sound Spirit with a delicious, full, mellow flavour.	27 0
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TREACHER'S Old Pale BRANDY ..... A very choice and matured spirit.	** 36 0
TREACHER'S Pale BRANDY ..... A sound and good Peg Brandy.	* 32 0

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WINE MERCHANTS,
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HELMETS! GENT'S & LADIES' TERAIS. SUN HATS!!

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Perfectly VENTILATED, very LIGHT, and THOROUGH PROTECTION.

HOAR & CO., { HATTERS, &c., } BOMBAY.

REAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES.

WISHING to comply with the request of some Gentlemen who like to smoke Cigarettes made in Egypt, but of Turkish Tobacco only, (as no Tobacco is grown in Egypt, with the exception of a very small quantity, and that of the lowest quality,) I have not spared either pains or expense to secure the SOLE AGENCY for INDIA and CEYLON of

MESSRS. N. PATRINOS & CO., CAIRO,
CELEBRATED MANUFACTURERS OF
ORIGINAL EGYPTIAN CIGARETTES
AS SUPPLIED TO VARIOUS MESSES AND CLUBS,

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"SUPERFINE" per tin box of 100 ... ... Rs. 4
"FINE" ,, ,, ... ,, 3

The above two Brands of Cigarettes are guaranteed to have been made of the FINEST TURKISH TOBACCO, under D. Macropolo's own Superintendence, in Cairo, specially for the Indian Climate. They will recommend themselves to Smokers desirous of a MILD, FREE DRAWING and FINE AROMATIC EGYPTIAN CIGARETTE.

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SOLE AGENT,
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BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).
THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.
First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.
Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen Quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen Pints.
N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the Label, without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.

OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY,

AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
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THE ONLY REMEDY
FOR NERVOUS EXHAUSTION,
CLIMATIC ANÆMIA, INCAPACITY FOR WORK, AND
MENTAL AND PHYSICAL DEPRESSION is
LUMINOUS PHOSPHORUS.
THE ONLY FORMS
KNOWN TO BE A SAFE AND CERTAIN CURE
ARE
THE PILLS PREPARED BY THE ORIGINAL MAKERS,
H. & T. KIRBY & CO., LIMITED.

Which have been CONSTANTLY PRESCRIBED by the MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS with great success for the last TWENTY YEARS.

PURCHASERS ARE CAUTIONED AGAINST FRAUDULENT IMITATIONS Pills, which cost the dealer only one-fourth the Price of KIRBY'S, are CONSTANTLY PALMED OFF AS GENUINE. Buy in ORIGINAL BOTTLES ONLY and see that Each bottle carries OUR TRADE MARK.

SIMPLE PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 5), containing 1-20th gr. Phosphorus.
Dr. KIRBY says : "Experience fully warrants the administration of Phosphorus in this dose" in severe attacks of Neuralgia and cases of extreme Nervous Exhaustion ; it gives excellent results, taken with food three or four times a day.

PHOSPHORUS AND QUININE PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 3), containing 1-30th gr. Phosphorus.
This is a valuable combination of two powerful tonics. As a *nutrient tonic* it gives power to the brain and spinal cord, imparts tone to the digestive organs, increases functional activity and improves the condition of the whole system. It is largely employed in India during convalescent stage of intermittent and remittent fevers. It is an excellent remedy for *Malaise* induced by the climate, and is a good prophylactic against *Malaria*.

PHOSPHORUS AND IRON PILL 7.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 7), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
This is given with great advantage in *Anæmia*, *Sciatica*, and other Neuralgic affections, also in the treatment of convalescence from fever and other debilitating diseases. It is an excellent chemical food for anæmic children, and a good adjuvant to a course of cod liver oil.

PHOSPHORUS AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula No. 6), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This combination is useful in all the cases named above, but especially in cases of feeble digestion and *loss of power*, following excesses. Taken regularly with food for a few weeks it has a powerfully renovating effect on broken-down constitutions.

PHOSPHORUS, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 4), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus.
The use of this combination will be gathered from what has been said of the previous Formulæ. Nos. 3 and 6.
For a similar combination with Iron, see No. 9.

COMPOUND PHOSPHORUS PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 9), containing 1-50th gr. Phosphorus, with Iron. Quinine and Strychnia.
This combination of nerve tonics has a very large application It is efficacious in all disorders which are characterised by impoverished blood and diminished nerve power, especially in that low condition of the general health which is induced by overwork, dissipation, and excesses of various kinds. In this state iron and phosphorus is strongly indicated. In Constitutional Syphilis it has a high remedial power, by improving the condition of the blood and by stimulating its regenerative power. It is exceedingly energising and strength-giving. As a tonic for convalescents recovering from fever and other exhausting diseases it is unequalled.

STRONG PHOSPHORUS, IRON, QUININE AND NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 17), containing 1-25th gr. Phosphorus.
This is double the strength of No. 9 as regards Phosphorus and Quinine, and therefore should be prescribed *only* in cases where the larger dose of Phosphorus is needed.

PHOSPHORUS, CANTHARIDES & NUX VOMICA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 20), containing 1-33rd gr. Phosphorus.
This pill produces no irritation of the gastro-intestinal mucous membrane, but operates as a gentle stimulant to the genito-urinal organs. It is especially useful in premature failure of power, induced by passive discharges due to debility. It is useful also as a *stimulating emmenagogue* in obstinate cases of *Amenorrhœa*, *Leucorrhœa*, and *Atony of the Uterus*.
Formula No. 30 contains Iron, and as a tonic is most suitable for *feeble, anæmic* females.

PHOSPHORUS AND DIAMIANA PILLS.
(Dr. KIRBY'S Formula, No. 34), containing 1-33rd gr Phosphorus.
The Extract in this pill is made from the True Damiana Plant ("*Turnera Aphrodisiaca*"), and is a valuable aid to Phosphorus when required as a remedy for impotence.

The above may be obtained from our appointed Agents in Bottles. 3/-. 5/- and 10/- each (Englishmoney), the 10/- Bottle containing sufficient for a course of four weeks. Two 10/- Bottles may be obtained direct from our laboratory, carriage paid to any port town in India or Australia, by remitting us a Post Office order for 21/

AGENTS : CALCUTTA—SMITH, STANISTREET & Co. ; BOMBAY AND POONA—TREACHER & Co., Limited ; BOMBAY—F. S. MADON & Co. ; ALLAHABAD—LYELL & Co. ; MADRAS—E. W. SMITH & Co. ; UMBALLA & KASAULI—BALL, HOBSON & Co. ; RANGOON—DE SOUZA & Co.

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Is the latest Production of the Celebrated Manufacturers, MESSRS. SC

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES TO UNITED KINGDOM.

NOTICE.

REUTER'S TELEGRAM COMPANY, LD., will henceforth undertake TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES at its Bombay and Calcutta Offices at sums up to £100 for the present to any Town in the United Kingdom. It is recommended that the Names and Addresses of those not already Registered in the Company's Books, and who are likely to use this Channel for remittances, should be Registered under a CODE Word, which would be available always for Exchanging Telegrams. Registrations to any Number made free of Charge.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS,
Manager,
Eastern Branch.

NOW READY.

BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

The *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* prepared for despatch by each Overland Mail for Europe contains, in addition to all the News of the Week, a specially-written Market and Freight Report, and a well-digested Summary of Events.

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Cassell's Book of Sports and Pastimes	2	4
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History of the Russo-Turkish War, 2 vols	11	4
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Holmes's Marine Engines and Boilers	2	4
Smith's Persian Art	1	8
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Champeaux's Tapestry	1	12
Nesbitt on Glass	1	12
Pollen's Furniture and Woodwork	1	12
Rock's Textile Fabrics	1	12
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WEEKLY HOME NEWSPAPERS and MONTHLY MAGAZINES for SALE to Mofussil Residents.
QUARTERLY SUBSCRIPTIONS, INCLUSIVE OF POSTAGE.

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Athenæum	3 8	3 0	2 8
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Dublin Weekly Freeman	2 12	2 6	2 0
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Engineering	8 8	7 4	6 0
English Mechanic and World of Science	3 0	2 10	2 2
Field	7 8	7 4	6 0
Funny Folks	3 8	2 2	1 12
Fair Play	3 12	3 0	2 8
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Home News	5 12	5 0	4 0
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London Figaro	2 8	2 2	1 12
Mail (Tri-weekly)	8 8	7 4	6 0
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Pictorial World	6 4	5 8	3 8
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Punch	3 0	3 0	2 8
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Saturday Review	5 12	5 0	4 0
Truth	6 0	5 4	4 0
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Papers under Class A are posted on arrival of the English Mail in Bombay.
Papers under Class B are posted three days after arrival of the English Mail in Bombay.
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Birmingham Medical Journal	2 4	2 0	1 8
Cassell's Family Magazine	1 4	1 2	0 14
Catholic Missions	0 12	0 10	0 8
Chambers's Journal	1 6	1 4	1 0
Contemporary Review	5 0	4 4	3 8
Catholic World	3 12	3 4	2 0
Cornhill Magazine	1 4	1 2	0 14
Dublin Medical Journal	3 12	3 8	2 0
Dublin Review (Quarterly)	4 0	3 8	2 4
Edinburgh Medical Journal	3 12	3 8	2 8
Family Herald	1 2	1 0	0 12
Fortnightly Review	5 0	4 4	3 8
Glasgow Medical Journal	3 12	3 8	2 0
Harper's Monthly Magazine	2 6	2 2	1 10
Irish Monthly	1 4	1 2	0 14
Lamp (Catholic)	1 4	1 2	0 14
Leisure Hour	1 2	1 0	0 12
Longman's Magazine	1 4	1 2	0 14
Merry England	2 4	2 0	1 8
Marine Engineer	1 4	1 2	0 14
Macmillan's Magazine	2 2	1 14	1 8
Month	3 12	3 4	2 0
National Review	5 0	4 4	3 8
Nineteenth Century	5 0	4 4	3 8
Practitioner	3 2	2 12	2 2
Provincial Medical Journal	1 6	1 4	1 0
Textile Manufacturer	2 10	2 4	1 12
Textile Journal of Fabrics	2 10	2 4	1 12
Textile World	1 14	1 8	1 4
Young Ladies' Journal	1 14	1 10	1 4

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THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* will in future be PUBLISHED on SATURDAY MORNING, in consequence of the alteration of M ail Day.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW AND STARTLING WONDERS OF BEWILDERING FASCINATION.
AT HUDSON'S TENT OF MYSTERY,
ADJOINING NOVELTY THEATRE.
OPEN DAILY 2-30 TO 10 P.M.
"ZANA," the Ariel Marvel, who Floats in Space.
"MOONSHINE and SCOPEONIA," Barnum's Latest Novelties.
Admission 3-30 to 5-30 p.m. 4 Annas.
After 5 p.m. "GALATEA," England's Mystica, the Greatest Novelty and Mystery on Earth.
Admission Front Seats, 8 Annas. Back Seats, 4 Annas.

FILLIS' GREAT CIRCUS,
ESPLANADE.

THIS SATURDAY, MARCH 7TH.
2 PERFORMANCES 2
IN THE AFTERNOON AT 4 P.M.
THE BALACLAVA CHARGE AT 4 P.M.
PEACOCK'S JOCKEY ACT AT 4 P.M.
ALL THE CLOWNS AT 4 P.M.
THE PERFORMING PONIES & HORSES AT 4 P.M.
THE MONKEYS AT 4 P.M.
GRAND PROGRAMME
For the convenience of Children, Ladies, and those residing at a distance. The Programme equals in every respect those given in the Evening.
☞ CHILDREN HALF PRICE TO ALL PARTS.
GALLERY 8 ANNAS.
IN THE EVENING AT 9 P.M.
REPITITION OF LAST EVENINGS.
NEW AND NOVEL PROGRAMME.
ALL PREVIOUS PROGRAMMES ECLIPSED.
REMEMBER, NEXT WEEK
IS POSITIVELY THE LAST
As the TROUPE LEASE on the 16th of March Per B. I. S. N. Steamer for Rangoon.

NOTICE.
No goods to be supplied unless by written order signed by the Management.
Sole Proprietor.....F. E. FILLIS.
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NOW READY.
THE BOMBAY PRICE CURRENT and SUMMARY OF TRADE.
Published once a week at the *Bombay Gazette* Office on the departure of the Overland Mail for Europe.
The Bombay Price Current contains—
A Specially-Written Market Report.
Freight Report, &c.
Summary of Cotton Exports during the Week.
Imports and Exports of Bullion.
Quotations of Imports and Exports, and Customs' Duties.
Comparative Summaries of Exports from Bombay, up to date as per Ships' Manifests, with the total Exports for the month, and for the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Comparative Summaries of Imports, of Piece-Goods, and of Yarn into Bombay from Great Britain up to date, with the total for the month, and the same period as far back as 1870 and 1878, respectively.
Share Lists and Rates of Exchange.
List of Vessels in Bombay Harbour on the date of publication, arrivals and departures of Vessels during the week, and Vessels expected from Out and Home Ports.
Charters and Engagement.
Annual Subscription in advance....Rs 10.
Single Copy.....Annas. 4.
"Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.
In the Matter of RAMNARAYEN LACHMONDAS, MUDONGOPAL GIRDHARILAL, and VITHALDAS GIRDHARILAL, who lately traded in Partnership as General Merchants at Bombay, under the name of VITHALDAS SHRIKISON, at Poona, Amerasti and Pusad, in Mirwar, and after the name of BHALCHAND LACHMONDAS, at Phalton, under the name of GIRDHARILAL RAMDHARAN, at Bhore, under the name of GIRDHARILAL RAMNARAYEN, and at Goolechgud, under the name of VITHALDAS SHRIKISON, adjudged Insolvents.

NOTICE is hereby given that JAIRAM BUDMAL, the Petitioning Creditor of the above-named Insolvents, do appear before this Honourable Court on WEDNESDAY, the Eighteenth Day of March, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-One, at Eleven O'clock in the Forenoon, either in person or by Counsel, and show cause, if any, he has, why the order made in this matter on the Twenty-Sixth Day of November, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety, (whereby it was ordered under Section XI of the Indian Insolvent Act upon the Petition of the said Petitioning Creditor, Jairam Budmal, that the said Insolvents should within thirty days from the said Twenty-Sixth Day of November, file a Schedule in this Honourable Court in the form in Schedule C to the said Act annexed, containing the statement of their Debts, Estate and Effects) should not be revoked or set aside, and why all other Proceedings, if any, taken or had thereon should not be annulled and discharged so far as the said Insolvents, Mudongopal Girdharilal and Vithaldas Girdharilal, are concerned.—Dated this Fourth Day of March, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Ninety-One.

C. W. L. JACKSON,
Clerk of the Court.
Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 6th Day of March, 1891.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.
KHANDALLA HOTEL, KHANDALLA.
THIS HOTEL is splendidly situated, and within easy distance from the Railway Station Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view all round.
Apply to
NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla.

SALES BY AUCTION.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.
AUCTION
OF
AUSTRALIAN HORSES
Imported by Messrs. WAREN TULLOCK & Co. From Australia
THIS DAY, SATURDAY, the 7th March, 1891, AT 3-30 p.m.
At Colaba, opposite the Tramway Stables.
22 HORSES WILL BE SOLD at AUCTION to the highest bidder on the above date.
A rare chance to secure first class horses at a cheap rate.
Particulars of the horses to be sold :—
1 Grey mare, 4 years, 14-3 hands, broken to saddle, make a good trapper.
2 Grey mare, 5 years, 15 hands, make a good dog-cart horse.
3 Grey mare, 5 years, 15-3 hands, first class, single harness mare.
4 Grey mare, 5 years, 16 hands, good in single harness.
5 Grey gelding, 3 years, 16 hands, make a good brougham horse, broken to double harness.
6 Grey gelding, 4 years, 15-1 hands, well bred.
7 Grey gelding, 4 years, 16-2 hands, make a good horse for mail phaeton, unbroken.
8 Dapple grey mare, 5 years, 16 hands, broken, quiet to single and double harness.
9 Bay gelding, 5 years, 15-1 hands.
10 Double grey horse, 6 years, 16 hands, No. 10 by 11, make a first class pair.
11 Dapple grey gold, 6 years, 16 hands, broken to double harness.
12 Grey golding, 5 years, 15-2 hands, broken to double harness, No. 12 by 13, make a first class pair.
13 Grey golding, 5 years, 15-2 hands, broken to double harness.
14 Grey golding, 6 years, 16 hands, broken to double harness.
15 Grey golding, 5 years, 16 hands, No. 14 by 15, make a first class pair.
16 Grey col, 5 years, 14-3 hands, broken to double harness.
17 Grey golding, 5 years, 15 hands, broken, quiet to saddle.
18 Grey golding, 5 years, 15-2 hands, broken, quiet to single and double harness, and make a good brougham horse.
19 Grey golding, 5 years, 16 hands, broken to double harness, make a first class brougham horse.
20 Iron grey golding, 4 years, 15 hands, full brother to Master Jack, the well known Sky Racer.
21 Bay golding, 15¼ hands, broken to harness.
22 Bay golding, 15½ hands, broken to harness.
Purchaser will see the horses ridden and driven at the time of sale.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, March 7, 1891.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.,
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS, FORT.
SALE OF OLD TIMBER, PLANKS, DOORS, &c.
Under instructions from Captain G. M. Portar, R. E., Executive Engineer, H. M's Dockyard, Bombay, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction on TUESDAY, the 10th instant, at 2 p.m., at H. M.'s Dockyard, Fort, a quantity of old timber planks, doors, &c.

SALE OF LIVERY STABLES AT MIDDLE COLABA.
Under instructions received from the owner, Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises on Wednesday, the 11th instant, at 2 p.m., the following valuable property.
The stable buildings, situate at Middle Colaba, on the Port Trust land, generally known as Messrs. Lafond Brothers, Livery Stables, together with their good will and contents, the same consisting of a large omnibus, brakes, phaetons, broughams, victorias, and other conveyances, horses, harnesses, saddles, large gram chests, benches, casks, tubs, sewing machine, and other furniture and effects appertaining to livery stables. The said property will be sold in one lot or in such lots as might be suitable to purchasers. The purchaser will be entitled to let the building or to remove the building materials at his option.
The property is on view.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Mr. Jamsetjee Cursetjee Cama, Solicitor to the owner, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT BANDORA.
On SUNDAY, the 15th March 1891, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON and Company will sell by Public Auction, on the premises, by order of the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Mr. Peroshaw Framjee Battliwalla, the following valuable property :—
All that piece or parcel of land or ground, and batty fields, grass land, together with the messuage or bungalow, outhouses, cookroom, stables, wells, and mango and other trees standing thereon, commonly called or known by the name of "Perce Baugh," situate at Bandora, in the Taluka of Salsette, in the district of Tanna, containing by admeasurement 32,194 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north by the vacant ground belonging to Bhundaree Koorvaree and Antone Manoel de Monte and others, on the south by the property of Antone Manoel de Monte and others, on the east by the property of the B. B. & C. I. Railway Company, and on the west partly by the road leading from Ghorebunder, and partly by the public road, and which said premises were formerly and are now in the occupation of the said Mr. Peroshawr Framjee Battliwalla.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Wadia and Ghandy, Solicitors to the mortgagee,
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Bombay, March 7, 1891.

NOTICES.

BOMBAY CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Committee of the Chamber of Commerce have appointed TUESDAY and WEDNESDAY, 10th and 11th March, 1891, for the PURPOSE of BALLOTING for TWO ELECTIVE TRUSTEES of the Port of Bombay, in place of Mr. A. F. BEAUFORT and Mr. M. C. TURNER whose Term of Office under the PORT TRUST ACT will expire on 31st March, 1891.
The BALLOT BOX will be OPEN at the Offices of the CHAMBER, from 10 A. M. till 6 P. M., on each of the above days.
By Order of the Committee,
JOHN MARSHALL,
Secretary.
Chamber of Commerce, Bombay, February 27, 1891.

IMPORTERS and DEALERS are INVITED to TENDER for the supply to the B. B. and C. I. Railway of MISCELLANEOUS STORES as per list posted up at the General Offices, Fort. Tenders will be received not later than noon on MONDAY next at the Chief Storekeeper's Office, Parel.
S. A. DUIGAN,
Storekeeper.

BOMBAY, BARODA & CENTRAL INDIA RAILWAY,
INCLUDING
RAJPUTANA-MALWA RAILWAY,
(Includes the Rajputana State Railway, the Holkar State Railway, the Sindia-Neemuch State Railway, the Rewari-Ferozepore State Railway and the Cawnpore-Achnera State Railway.)

TENDERS FOR CASTOR SEED.
TENDERS are invited and will be received by the Agent at his Office, Church-Gate Street, Fort, Bombay, up to 1 p.m., Gunfire, on FRIDAY the 20th March, for the supply of 40,000 cwts. CASTOR SEED, between 1st July, 1891, and 30th June, 1892.
Forms of Tenders and conditions of Contract on which Tenders will be received may be obtained on application to the Stores Department, Bombay or Ajmere.
Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for Castor Seed," and a deposit of Rs. 1,000 must accompany the Tender, without which it will not be considered.
Government Paper or other Securities should be endorsed in favour of the Bombay, Baroda & Central India Railway Company.
The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
W. S. S. BISSET,
Agent.
General Offices, Bombay, 27th February, 1891.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER.
IT is the Water of Life. The most Powerful, Efficacious Destroyer of the Deadly Microbe. Cures Consumption, Rheumatism, Dyspepsia, Asthma, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Kidney and all Blood Diseases. Rs. 15 per Jar. To be had at PHILLIPS & Co., Ld., Sole Sub-Agents for Bombay Presidency. Pamphlets of Testimonials sent Post free.
WM. RADAM'S MICROBE-KILLER Co.,
Sole Depot for India and Burmah, 23, Rampart Row, Bombay.

THE JIVRAJ BALLOO SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANY, LIMITED.
NOTICE
IS hereby given that an ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the Company will be held at its Registered Office, No. 304-306, BAZAR GATE STREET, Fort, on SATURDAY, the 7th March 1891, at 1 P.M., to transact the following business :—
I.—To receive and adopt the Directors' Report and Audited Balance-Sheet and Abstract of Profit and Loss Account, for the year ending 31st December 1890.
II.—To declare a Dividend.
III.—To approve the appointment, made by the Board, of Mr. Naranji Dwarkadas as a Director of the Company.
IV.—To elect Directors in the room of those who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election.
V.—To appoint Auditors for the current year, and fix their remuneration.
The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from 2nd to 10th proximo, both days inclusive.
By Order of the Board of Directors,
RAMCHANDRA HEMRAJ,
Secretary.
Bombay, 21st February 1891.

CAMEL HAIR BELTING.
NOTICE is hereby given that we, the Undersigned, have been appointed the Sole Agents of Messrs. F. REDDAWAY and Co. for the sale of "CAMEL HAIR BELTING" in the Presidency of Bombay. The word "Camel," as applied to Belting, is a registered Trade Mark or Designation, and any one, without the leave of Messrs. F. REDDAWAY and Co. sells Belting as "Camel Hair Belting" is liable to be prosecuted.
For Prices and Particulars of "Camel Hair Belting" apply to
SORABJEE SHAPURJEE & Co.,
Khotwady, Bombay.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Bilthy's Blasting Fuses, Red Lead, Putty, Gunstone, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.
હેપતુલા શેકઆદમની કું૦
૪, ૯., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.
SIR JOHN POWER & SON,
JOHN'S LANE DISTILLERY,
DUBLIN.
TRADE MARK
P (in Diamond.)
POT STILL ONLY.
BOTTLED IN BOND AT THE DISTILLERY.
Swallows (5 Years Old) .....Rs. 30 per Dozen
" (3 ") " 27 "
Apply to
LYON & Co., Bombay.

GENUINE AND PURE WINES.
Specially selected and shipped by Messrs. BLANDY, BROS. & Co., of London.
THE "BLANDY" BRANDS.
DIRECT SUPPLY SYSTEM.
MADEIRAS—From the Celebrated "Blandy Stock," 8 qualities, from Rs. 23-8 to Rs. 58-12 per doz. qts.
PORTS—From Hooper Brothers, Oporto.
4 qualities, from Rs. 13-8 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
SHERRIES—From Manuel Gaztelu E. Yrarta, Cadiz.
6 qualities, from Rs. 19 to Rs. 28 per dozen quarts.
CHAMPAGNES—From Henriot and Co., Rheims.
4 qualities, from Rs. 48 to Rs. 60 per dozen quarts.
CLARETS—From Le Fils D'A Leon Aine, Bordeaux.
3 qualities, from Rs. 16 to Rs. 24 per dozen quarts.
HOCKS—From Meyer & Goblenz, Bingin-am-Rhein.
2 qualities (Still), from Rs. 21 to Rs. 25 per doz. qts.
2 " (Sparkling), from Rs. 40 to Rs. 53 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO.—From Pattison, Elder & Co, Leith.
2 qualities, from Rs. 28 to Rs. 32 per doz. qts.
WHISKIES, SCO—From Ross and Cameron, Inverness,
3 qualities, from Rs. 31 to Rs. 40 per doz. qts.
Detailed List of Prices and Terms from
R. RAMCHANDRA & CO.,
11, FORBES STREET, FORT.
Sole Agents for the Presidency.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY Co., LD.
ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS.
THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting Notices or Advertisements on the Lines
The Cantonments of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest Military Garrison in India —a Garrison comprising over 5,000 British and Native Troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two Regiments and one Battery of the Hyderabad Contingent, all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's Regular Troops, about 5,000 in number, officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large Civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the Stations on the above Railway. The most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDERABAD, GANGAWARUM, and TANDUR.
The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.
INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS, and others who wish to force their business on the Notice of the Public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.
There is no reason why the privilege should not be also especially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two Trunk Lines on Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c, seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language would find the Publication of the Announcements at Railway Stations an infallible means of extending their business.
Advertisers can select the Station at which they wish their Placards posted, and may advertise for any period that may be agreed on. The charges have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making Announcements known to the public.
Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers, may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.
Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 2.
Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet, will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six Stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. Twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.
The Boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the Contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.
Special arrangements for long periods.
For further particulars apply to the Manager of the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road, Fort.

LAYS OF THE LAW.—Being a Selection of LEADING CASES from the BOMBAY HIGH COURT REPORTS done in VERSE after the manner of various other great poets; by W. E. H. PRICE, Rs. 1, postage, anna 1.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA AUSTRALIA, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
PAID-UP CAPITAL—£800,000.
RESERVE FUND—£250,000.
HEAD OFFICE :
HATTON COURT, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON.
BOMBAY AGENCY.
INTEREST ALLOWED
On CURRENT ACCOUNTS at 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balances.
On FIXED DEPOSITS for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum.
And for shorter periods at rates which can be ascertained on application.
All letters should be addressed, and remittances made payable, to THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA.
JOHN STIVEN,
Agent.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
CAPITAL.....£3,200,000.
LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
E. C. MONOD,
Rampart Row, W. Acting Manager.

THE CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON, AND CHINA.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.
ESTABLISHED 1857.
CAPITAL PAID-UP £750,000
RESERVE FUNDS £250,000
RESERVE LIABILITIES OF SHAREHOLDERS £750,000
BANKERS :
LONDON..... The Bank of England. The London Joint Stock Bank.
SCOTLAND..... Bank of Scotland. Royal Bank of Scotland. National Bank of Scotland.
IRELAND..... National Bank.
AMSTERDAM..... Hope & Co. The Amsterdamsche Bank.
ROTTERDAM..... Wertheim & Gompertz. The Rotterdamsche Bank.
PARIS..... André Neuflize & Co.
BRANCHES :
Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Colombo, Galle Kandy, Kangoon, Penang, Singapore, Malacca, Batavia, Hongkong and Shanghai.
CORRESPONDENTS :

At Aden	Messrs.	LUKE, THOMAS & Co.
" Amoy	"	BOYD & Co.
" Bangkok	"	WINDSOR, WINDSOR & Co.
" Cairo	"	CREDIT LYONNAIS.
" Cheribon	"	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
" Durban	"	NATAL BANK.
" Do.	"	STANDARD BANK OF SOUTH AFRICA.
" Foochow	"	PURDON & Co.
" Hankow	"	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
" Kobe	"	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
" Lyons	"	CREDIT LYONNAIS.
" Macassar	"	KEIJSER & Co.
" Manilla	"	SMITH, BELL & Co.
" Mauritius	"	BLYTH BROS. & Co.
" Medan (Sumatra)	"	BROWN & Co.
" Nagasaki	"	M. HAGUE & Co.
" Negapatam	"	BANK OF MADRAS.
" Padang	"	HAACKE & Co.
" Pacalongan	"	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
" Saigon	"	BANQUE D'L'INDO-CHINE.
" Samarang	"	MACNEILL & Co.
" Sourabaya	"	FRASER, EATON & Co.
" Tagal	"	G. A. VAN PUTTEN & Co.
" Tientsin	"	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
" Yokohama	"	JARDINE, MATHESON & Co.
In Australia		The Bank of New South Wales. The Union Bank of Australia, Limited. The Bank of Victoria. The Bank of Australasia. The National Bank of Australasia.

BOMBAY BRANCH.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS.
Interest allowed at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on Daily Balances not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000. When the accrued interest for six months does not amount to Rs. 10, no Interest is allowed.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON FIXED DEPOSITS.
At rates to be learnt on application.
Every Description of Banking and Exchange Business transacted on [illegible] ascertained on Application.
J. C. BERGENDAHL,
Agent.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).
HEAD OFFICE—47, Threadneedle Street, London
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £466,500
RESERVE FUND.....£140,000
LONDON BANKERS :
BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per Annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances, under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per Annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon, Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.
By Order of the Directors,
J. BUCHAN,
Manager

KING, KING & Co.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened, and Interest allowed at 2 per cent. per Annum on the minimum balance, if not drawn below Rs. 500 during the preceding half-year.
DEPOSITS received, subject to 12 months' notice, at 5 per cent. per Annum; for shorter periods rates will be furnished on application.
BILLS of EXCHANGE and TELEGRAPHIC TRANSFERS on the United Kingdom, Calcutta, and Madras granted at the best rate of the day.
REGULAR FAMILY REMITTANCES arranged, and Pay, Pensions, Dividends, &c., realised.
CIRCULAR NOTES issued payable all the World over.
Letters of Credit issued by English or American Bankers cashed, Sovereigns and Bank of England Notes bought or sold at favourable rates.
LOANS and CASH CREDITS for long or short periods granted on easy terms, and approved Bills or Cheques discounted.
GOVERNMENT and OTHER SECURITIES bought and sold or received for safe custody.
REGIMENTAL and PERSONAL AGENCY of every description transacted. Passages engaged on best terms possible, Baggage, Cargo, and Parcels ship ped or cleared, and orders for Stores and Regimental Requisites executed.
HENRY S. KING & CO., LONDON.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.
Capital.....$ 100,00,000. Paid up...$ 81,68,062·50
Balance in Course of Payment.....$ 18,31,937·50
Reserve Fund.....$ 54,82,127·20
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$ 100,00,000
COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.
LONDON COMMITTEE :
ALBERT DEACON, Esq (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co)
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 21, Lombard Street, E. C.
A. H. PHILPOTTS, Esq., Carshalton, Surrey.
EWEN CAMERON, Manager.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES :
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI,

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	SAIGON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SINGAPORE.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKO

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.					Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	20	8p.c.p.a.	930
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	910
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	120,000	410	all	5 pr. ct.	120
Chartor Bank	40,000	320	320	7 pr. ct.	328
Char. Mercantile	20,000	325	325	5 pr. ct.	330
Hongkong and Shanghai					
Banking Corporation	48,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	--
National Bank of India	37,200	325	312½	5 pr. ct.	160
New Oriental Bank	50,000	310	all	6 pr. ct.	163

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	90	1,490
Alliance	1,200	1,000	all	20	490
Anglo-Indian	2,345	100	100	4	78xd
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	7½pr.ct.	800
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	670
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co.	800	500	500	20	400
Central India	3,795	500	500	65	1,005
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	945
Connaught Mills	800	500	25	10 pr. ct.	800xd
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	20	635
Coorla Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	450
David Mill	1,400	500	500	Rs. 20	510
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	850
Empress	15,100	500	25	10 pr. ct.	560
Framjee Petit	11,200	1,000	1,000	15	525
Gordon Mills	18,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	105
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	8.5
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	25	10 pr. ct.	660
Howard & Co	1,800	500	500	25	590
Bullloughs	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	817½
Hyderabad	500	500	500		365 x d
	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	940
	1,000	500	500	25	10 pr. ct.	615xd
	600	500	500	Nil.	345
	350	350	350	10	237½
		1,000	1,000	25	700
			1,000	Rs. 20	630
				30	960
	250	500	500	30	410xd
	750	100	all	32½	147½
	240	450	450	54	425
	300	500	500	pr. ct.	500
	1,000	125	125	12½	87½
	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	433½
	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	187½
	1,200	500	500	45	540
	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	932
	600	800	800	40	350
	500	500	500	50	120	500
	500	500	500	2	500
	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,300
	400	2,000	750	50	410
	1,200	250	250	75	210
	--	,000		Rs. 30	740

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Allcock, Ashdown	1,000	200	200	10	240
Back Bay Reclamation	750	150	150	7½	160
Backhouse & Co.	500	50	50	12	90
Badhan Pile	5,000	100	100	12	92
Bapty Bros.	20,625	200	185	15	40
Berar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	70	750
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	1,500	135	3,500
Do. New Issue	500	375	225	33½	375
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	25	25	95xd
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	905
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	20
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 11	180
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct.	1,000
Geyer & Co., Ld	500	100	70	--	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-Ship Assn.	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	250	4,000	1,000	90	1,100
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75
Kemp & Co.	4,000	200	175	20½	300
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	102½
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co.	3,500	100	100	Nil.	35
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	83
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	190
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	60
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	577½
Prince of Wales Island	250	8,000	1,000	N dvd	2,350
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	--	83
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	90
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	--	70
Treasher & Co.	2,000	500	half	35	200
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	95
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	5-8	1½
Western India Flour	--	--	--	--	16

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

Sovereigns, each	Rs. 14-1
Carolus	" nom.
Mexican Dollars	" 222
Five-Franc Pieces	" nom.
Bar Silver, 17½ bottemess	" 100-10-6
Gold Leaf	" 22
Bar Gold, 10 oz. English, 100 touch	" 23-6
Australian Gold, 100 touch	" 23-3
Bombay Bar Gold, 100 touch	" 22-1
Pekin do.	" 21-12

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, &c.

Four per cent	103½
Five and-a-half per cent	107
Municipal 5 per cent. Debenture Loans	105½
New French Loan 5 pr. ct. 1872	nom.
City of Paris Loan	220
Port Trust Bonds	100

EXCHANGE.

	Terms.		Rate.
London Banks	On demand		1s. 5⅛d.
Do. do.	Telegraphic		1s. 5 1-16d.
Do. do.	4 Months' sight		1s. 5d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do...	1s. 5 5-16d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do...	1s. 5¼d.
Do. Credits	3 Do.	do...	1s. 5¼d.
Do. do.	6 Do.	do...	1s. 5¼d.
Do. Documents	3 Do.	do...	1s. 4 19-32d.
Do. do.	4 Do.	do...	1s. 5 1-32d.
France	3 Do.	do...	1'83
Do.	6 Do.	do...	1'84
Calcutta	At sight		100 1-32.
Do.	60 days	do...	99¾
Madras	At sight		100 3-32
Do.	30 days	do...	100 1-16.
China	90 days	do...	247.

The death of Mr. Fleming at General Booth's meeting was, it is stated, preceded by a somewhat remarkable circumstance. Admission to the meeting was only by tickets, and Mr. Fleming, when he appeared at the door, was unprovided with this little to be present. He was consequently refused admittance. This fact excited him a good deal, and he produced the receipt for the large subscription to General Booth's fund as a proof of his identity and his right to be present, once of this identity and his right to be present, once of course, at once allowed to pass, but the excitement of the wrangle caused him much annoyance.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Arrival of Sir George Greaves from Poona, 6-30 a.m.
Departure of the Maharaja of Mysore, Victoria Terminus.
Departure of Sir George Greaves and Mr. H. E. M. James per mail steamer.
Jewraj Balloo Spinning and Weaving Company's Meeting, 1 p.m.
Khangaum Manufacturing Company's Meeting, 3 p.m.
Distribution of Prizes, Empress High School, Framjee Cowasjee Institute, 5 p.m.
Sorosis meeting, 4 p.m.
Bombay Light Horse Cross Country Races, Santa Cruz.
Championship Matches at Lawn-Tennis closes.
Opening of Feroo Mahomed Mills, Mahaluxmee, 4-30 p.m.
Bombay Jackal Club, Point to Point Race, Andheri.
Fancy Dress Carnival at the Rink.
Fillis' Circus, 9 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink.
Hudson's Tent of Mysteries, 5 to 10 p.m.
Magic Lantern Show to-night at 8-15 Seamen's Institute.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 5th :—Aljefre (schooner), put back from sea; Argus (s), from Mauritius; and Gwalior (s), Hongkong. Yesterday :—Fastnet (s), Cardiff; Ellora (s), Calcutta; I. M. S. Canning, Karachi; and D. Panachand (schooner), Damaun.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—Java (s) and Waverley (s), for Calcutta, &c.; and Bendi (s), Trieste, &c.

LECTURE.—A paper on "Re-incarnation" will be read to-morrow evening, at 5-30, at the Theosophical Hall, 17, Tamarind Lane, Fort. A discussion will follow.

INDO-BRITISH INSTITUTION.—The annual meeting of the institution will be held on Wednesday, 18th March, instead of the 11th, as previously arranged. His Excellency Lord Harris will preside.

FORT GRATUITOUS DISPENSARY.—The total number of patients treated during the month of February, 1891, 2,936; daily average, 104; total of new admissions, 1,256; and number of children vaccinated, 158.

THE PATHARE PRABHU SOCIAL SAMAJ.—The prize-distribution of the above institution will take place to-day, at the Zaoba House, Pailow Road, at 3-30, this afternoon. An address will be presented to Dr. G. B. Bhadkamkar to commemorate his election as a Fellow of the Bombay University, Rao Bahadur Nana Moroji Vaidya will preside.

EMPRESS HIGH SCHOOL.—The distribution of prizes to the successful pupils of Mrs. Nanabhai's Empress High School will take place to-day, at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, 5 p.m. The Hon'ble Sir Raymond West, K.C.I.E., has kindly consented to preside, her Excellency Lady Harris, C.I., to distribute the prizes.

THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.—A guard-of-honor of 100 men, with band, under a British Officer, furnished by the 5th Bombay Rifles, will parade at 11 a.m. to-morrow, at the Victoria Railway station, on the occasion of his Highness the Maharajah of Mysore's departure by special train. A salute of 17 guns will be fired from the saluting battery to announce his departure.

THE BOARD A. P. AND O. STEAMER.—The steamer Gwalior, which arrived in Bombay on Saturday evening from Hongkong, had on board on the morning of the 15th five firemen, who were cleaning the boilers when they were killed through an accidental explosion of steam.

DEATHS OF ANIMALS.—On the first of March there were 60 bullocks, 29 horses, and one buffalo in the Sir Dinshaw Petit Hospital for Animals. During the month of February 74 bullocks and 13 dogs were admitted, and 37 bullocks, 23 horses, and 9 dogs were discharged from the Hospital. 1 case of rabies, 3 cases among horses, and 4 cases of tetanus fatal during the past month.

RETURNED TO BOMBAY.—The American medicine man, who has, lately in England, been curing people from the scourge of rheumatism, and who, we will arrive in Bombay about the 15th instant, has secured a piece of ground in Esplanade Road, opposite the gardens, on which he will erect a touring car. He will operate with his medicine on the lame in view of the public. This is a remarkable one, and worthy of the attention of the power of either to remove, or seemingly remove, pain.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.—At the Esplanade Police Court before Mr. Richardson, Constable Abdul Modkhin with the theft of a brass [illegible] valued at Rs. 4. Govind Dhakoo, [illegible] owned the property, and deposed to having left it in his house in the Fort during the afternoon. The accused was attracted by the cries of the owner, caught hold of the accused [illegible] with the brass vessel. The complainant came to his assistance and Moosai was given in police custody. The prisoner pleaded intoxication in defence, and said that the property was found near him whilst in this condition. The Magistrate convicted him of the offence, and sentenced him to undergo rigorous imprisonment for one month.

REFUSING TO VACATE STABLES.—At the Esplanade Police Courts yesterday, before the Third Presidency Magistrate, Hajee Essa Hajee Fuzla appeared on a notice to show cause for not vacating stables, No. 47, at Chinch Bunder, for which he could not produce the necessary license from the Municipal Commissioner. The accused was defended by Mr. Rivett-Carnac, barrister-at-law, instructed by Mr. Ghandy, of Wadia and Ghandy. Byramjee Pestonjee, an inspector in the Licence Department of the Bombay Municipality, deposed to having advised the accused to vacate the stables in question by removing the number of buffaloes he had stabled there within a fortnight from the date of the Court's order. On the inspector visiting the stables yesterday, he found that the injunction had not been complied with. Accused had applied for a renewal of his licence, which he had held for several years past; but, although, this renewal had not been granted. Mr. Craigie said he appeared for Hajee Abdoola Hajee Sutar, the owner of large premises in the neighbourhood of the accused's stables, who is interested in the question whether this licence should be granted or not. If the licence was not granted to this man, then the clause of the municipal section should be enforced by the Court, which had the power of administering that law. Mr. Rivett-Carnac objected to Mr. Craigie's presence in Court as the latter's client had not been connected with the present proceedings by the prosecution. The Magistrate ruled that no party could be present in Court whose client had nothing to do with the case. The learned gentleman for the defence contended that the provisions of section 334 of the Municipal Act had not been complied with by the prosecution, who had not tendered proper evidence to act upon. The Magistrate, concurring with this view of the case, said that what Mr. Rivett-Carnac had stated was perfectly correct, and that the accused could not be convicted, under section 334, because the two clauses did not apply. He, therefore, discharged the accused.

LIST OF RESIDENTS.

GREAT WESTERN HOTEL, BOMBAY.

*Surgn R E Kelly, Portsmouth
*Surgn B O Norfor, Portsmouth
*Surgn A W Bowley, Portsmouth
*Surgn G Morres, Portsmouth
*Surgn G Stone, Portsmouth
*Lt W W Norman, Portsmouth
*Lt H H Norman, Portsmouth
*Surgn and Mrs G Alexander, Portsmouth
*Mr G Gilbert Cooper, Poona
*Mrs Westmacott, Kirkee
*Mr and Mrs G Gainsford, Poona
*Lt G T Peacocke, Poona
*Mrs L H Gordon, Bhandara
*Capt and Mrs J Brown
*Capt A Lawrie, 88 Lansdowne Tower
*Capt Wilkinson, Lieut Parker, Mr B Sohnabel, Calcutta
Mr E Dane, "
*Mr Gordon, England
*Mr H Cox, "
*Mrs G Patch, "
Mr E S Greaves, "
Dr C Burland, "
*Lieut T Walker, R A, Kirkee
*Capt W H Allen, B S C, N-W P
*Capt E Cracroft, B S C, N-W P
*Mr R T Middleton, Surat
*Lieut T H Pigon, Hart Regt, Madras
Mrs H Beauchamp, Verawal
*Lt S B Grimston, Kirkee
*Lieut A M Pirie, 21st Hussars, Bangalore
*Mr J E Ollivant, N-W P Capt Walter, "
Mr H Smith, Madras
Residents left during the week marked thus (*)

Mr H Ashton,
Mr H Spenser, Calcutta
Mr G Cheetham,
Miss H Cheetham
Mr R Heygate
Capt and Mrs Henderson, Bombay
Lieut and Mrs A Ditmas, Bombay
Dr B B Grayfoot, Bombay
Mr and Mrs M Wadia, Bombay
Major G Radcliff, Bombay
Mr M C Firth, "
Mr B Formau, "
Mr F J Pullar, "
Mr J Reid, "
Mr M Strahl, "
Mr J Heyn, "
Mr T A Walker, "
Mr J Neilson, "
Mr and Mrs W Barrett, Bombay
Mr J Dalias, Bombay
Mr B Thompson, "
Mr J H Bradley, "
Mr J J Gazdur, Barrister-at-Law, Bombay
Mr and Mrs C W Rolland, Bombay
Mr B Strauss, Bombay
Mr S Simon, "
Mr C Warwick, "
Mr A Peter, "
*Mr A Messey, "
Mr H Corfield, "
Mr W Phipps, "
*Lieut W Drover, "
*Mrs G L Morrogh, Matheran
*Brig-Surgn Donaldson, Bellary
Mr J Riddle, Bombay
Mr and Mrs J Rich, "
Miss Rich, "
*Lieut and Mrs Matthews, Bombay
Mr W Macdonald, Bombay
Col and Mrs Green, "
*Maj and Mrs Owen, "
*Lieut T H Kelly, Agra
Mr C Pfleiderer, M Coast.

IN commercial circles a great deal of interest centres in the efforts that are being made to form a huge syndicate of calico printers. The London correspondent of the *Manchester Courier*, has authority for saying there is every probability of the venture being formidable ring eventually. Sir J. Pulestone, M.P., is at the head of the movement, and [illegible] most of the best houses in the trade have given in their adhesion to the scheme. The syndicate will embrace firms having one-half of the producing power of the country, and the nominal capital of the organisation will reach at least £5,000,000.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

A SUIT BY SIRDAR DILER UL MULK.

SIRDAR DILER UL MULK *vs.* CAPTAIN CHARLES NORMAN, WILLIAM WATSON AND CO., AND OTHERS.

THE plaintiff in this case is Sirdar Diler ul Mulk, C.I.E., residing at Apollo Bunder, and the defendants are Captain Charles Norman; Messrs. William Watson and Co., carrying on business at 28, Apollo Street, and Messrs. Roughton and Byrne, solicitors. The plaintiff prayed that the defendant, Captain Norman, be decreed to deliver up to him a packet referred to in his letter of the 10th October 1890, and other documents, which he may have obtained by means of his employment as private secretary to the plaintiff, and may be restrained from communicating to the defendants, Messrs. Roughton and Byrne, or any other person, any of the information acquired by him by means of his employment; that in the meantime, the defendants, William Watson and Co., and Michael F. Carroll, be restrained by injunction from handing to the defendants, Messrs. Roughton and Byrne, the packet entrusted to them by the defendant, Captain Charles Norman; and that Messrs. Roughton and Byrne may be restrained from receiving the packet in question, &c. Mr. Lang and Mr. Inverarity, instructed by Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, appeared for the plaintiff. The Hon. Mr. Latham and Mr. Kirkpatrick, instructed by Messrs. Craigie, Lynch, and Owen, appeared for Messrs. Roughton and Byrne; while Mr. Basil Scott, instructed by Messrs. Conroy and Brown, appeared for Messrs. William Watson and Co. There was no appearance for the defendant, Captain Norman.

The plaintiff stated that, in the month of February 1890, the defendant, Captain Norman, was employed by the plaintiff in Bombay to act as his private secretary upon the terms contained in a draft memorandum of agreement, which was approved by the plaintiff but not executed by him. At the time the defendant Norman was so employed, the plaintiff had and still has very heavy and serious disputes with the Government of his Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, in respect of which litigation was expected and probable. The defendant Norman was, after he entered the service of the plaintiff, entrusted with the knowledge of all the matters and things relating thereto, and had free access to all the papers and documents relating thereto in the possession of the plaintiff, including the opiuions of counsel obtained by the plaintiff and the confidential communications made to the plaintiff. The defendant Norman thus became thoroughly aware of the facts and circumstances of the plaintiff's case and the evidence upon which he relied; as he was, among other things, employed by the plaintiff to draw up a full and complete statement of the facts of the case. He left the service of the plaintiff on the 1st September 1890, and shortly afterwards left Bombay for England. About the beginning of October 1890, the plaintiff received from the defendant Norman a letter, dated 19th September, 1890, as follows :—

s. s. Etolia, off Suez, 19th September 1890.

My dear Sirdar,—If you wish me to continue to work on your behalf, you had better place £2,500 at my credit with Messrs. William Watson and Co., 28, Apollo Street, Bombay, and desire them to communicate the fact by telegram to me. Should I not hear that this has been done by the 10th October, I shall consider myself at liberty to follow my own course towards the Nizam's solicitors. You have treated me, as you have treated every one else, from Mr. Hawes downwards, who has helped you, with infamous meanness; and unless I receive the £2,500 by the 10th proximo, I shall know what steps to pursue with regard to your case. If you wish me to come out to India again, you must lodge an additional £500 with Watson, and pay me £100 on the 1st of every month so long as the case lasts. You know quite well that, without my help, you cannot win your case, and that I can put Messrs. Freshfields in possession of facts which will upset you altogether. If I don't hear by telegram, I shall call on Mr. Freshfields and on Mr. Labouch on the 11th October 1890, with letters, dates, facts, and figures.—Yours faithfully, C. Norman.

The plaintiff proceeded to state that the defendant Norman was arrested at Suez on criminal charges at the instance of Ardasir Bhicajee and Co., and Harjeemull and Co., both of Bombay. On 21st October 1890, the plaintiff received from the defendant, William Watson's firm, who were the agents of the defendant Norman, a letter marked private and urgent, and stating that they had business of importance for him, and would be glad if he could make it convenient to call as early as possible. Shortly afterwards on the same day, the plaintiff received in a sealed packet, from William Watson and Co., a letter in the defendant Norman's handwriting, dated 10th October 1890, as follows :—

Suez, 10th October, 1890.

My dear Sirdar,—I have received as yet no intimation that you have paid the £2,500 into Messrs. William Watson and Co., of 28, Apollo Street, Bombay. I have, therefore, written to them that if, within 24 hours of their sending this letter to you, they have not received that sum from you, they are to forward to Messrs. Roughton and Byrne a letter which I have this day forwarded to their care. If within 24 hours you pay them the said sum of £2,500, then the packet addressed to Messrs. Roughton is to be handed to you in return for the cash. I have sent them a receipt, binding myself not to [illegible] anything I know of your affairs; and in return they are to take a document from you that you will breathe to no one at any time that you have handed me this money. Should you do so, my promise of secrecy is at an end. I think if you have not already been sensible enough to pay this money to Watsons, that you had better do so at once to avoid the loss of your many lakhs; for of course you know, if the truth is told, you cannot win your case.—Yours faithfully, C. Norman.

The plaintiff went on to say that, on the 21st October 1890, about 7 p.m., the plaintiff saw the defendant Michael Thomas Carroll, who was the manager in Bombay of William Watson and Co., and he informed the plaintiff that he would carry out the instructions contained in the said letters. Messrs. Rougton and Byrne, referred to in the letter, are the solicitors of his Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad. The plaintiff believed that, in order to obtain possession of the packet referred to, Roughton and Byrne were endeavouring to settle the criminal charges brought against the defendant Norman, and had in fact offered to the prosecutors large sums of money in satisfaction of their claims. The packet referred to in the letters contained, the plaintiff believed, certain information relating to the disputes with his Highness the Nizam, which had been obtained by the defendant Norman in the course of his employment by the plaintiff. He believed that, unless restrained, the defendants, Watson and Co., and the defendant Carroll would hand over the packet to Messrs. Roughton and Byrne.

The defendants, Watson and Co., and Mr. Carroll, in their statement of defence, submitted that, as agents of the defendant Norman, they were bound to carry out his instructions with regard to the letters received by them. By an order of the Court, these defendants handed to the Prothonotary on the 6th November, 1890, the letter addressed by the defendant Norman to Messrs. Roughton and Byrne. These defendants had no interest whatever in this suit, and they submitted that, inasmuch as they acted throughout under the instructions of the defendent Norman, they should be forthwith dismissed from the suit.

The defendants, Messrs Roughton and Byrne, said in their defence, that Mr. Roughton alone attended to the business of his Highness the Nizam, and that he was absent from Bombay from 14th October to 10th November 1890, during which period he attended to no professional business. Mr. Roughton had received certain letters from the defendant Norman, addressed to him personally, and the firm had received other letters from him, but the firm had not entered into any communication with the defendant Norman on the subject of the letters addressed to Mr. Roughton. They submitted that they ought not to disclose the contents of the letters unless they were ordered by the Court to do so. After Mr. Roughton had left Bombay, a letter was received from the defendant Norman and was opened by Mr. Byrne, in consequence of which the latter had an interview with Mr. Walker, of Messrs. Chalk, Walker, and Smetham, and some letters subsequently passed between the two firms. These defendants submitted that they ought not to disclose what passed at the interview, nor the contents of the letters except upon the express order of the Court. At that interview, nothing was said or done, either directly or indirectly connected with the packet in question, nor was any offer of any money made to the prosecutors of the defendant Normau, nor was anything said or done on behalf of his Highness the Nizam. It was not true that these defendants endeavoured to settle the criminal charges against the defendant Normau in any way whatever. They knew nothing of the said packet, and had received no instructions from any person regarding it, nor had they written or done anything connected with it, save that, after the institution of this suit, they had written letters to the plaintiff's solicitors, denying all knowledge of the packet. They had no desire or intention of receiving the packet from the defendant Norman; and they had no objection whatever to the injunction restraining them from receiving the packet. But they said that, under the above circumstances, the injunction was wholly unnecessary; and that as they had been unnecessarily made parties to the suit, their costs ought to be paid by the plaintiff.

Mr. Lang opened the pleadings, and stated the facts of the plaintiff's case, after which issues were raised.

Mr. Scott said it had been arranged that the suit against his clients, Messrs. Watson and Co., should be dismissed, each party paying his own costs.

This was allowed by the court.

The plaintiff was then examined in corroboration of the statements of the plaint.

In cross-examination by Mr. Kirkpatrick, he said he had no communication with Messrs. Roughton and Byrne with regard to this packet; nor did he know of any communication on his behalf in that matter. The letter addressed to Ardasir Bhicajee was given to witness by Ardasir himself at witness's request. Witness told Ardasir of the letter he had received. He went to his shop. He was passing in the road; Ardasir was standing in the door of his shop; and in the course of conversation, the letters were mentioned. It was a mere accident. Witness did not know of the letters, and had no idea that they had been written.

The judge: You seem to have drawn a hasty conclusion. That is all.

Witness: No other conclusion was possible on the face of Norman's letters coupled with the letters to Bhicajee.

The witness, as he retired from the witness box, asked if it was usual, to have his evidence read over to him from the judge's notes.

Mr. Lang said it was not necessary.

His lordship said he had no objection to allow witness to read over his notes, but he was using the notebook just then.

The matter then dropped.

Mr. Michael Thomas Carroll, manager of the Bombay firm of William Watson and Co., said he was manager in October last. He did not recollect having seen Mr. Byrne in reference to Captain Norman's affairs; and in cross-examination said he was only once in the office of Messrs. Roughton and Byrne, when he saw Mr. Roughton, who declined to have anything whatever to do with Captain Norman's case. Mr. George W. Roughton, solicitor, produced certain letters written to him and his firm by Captain Norman, but objected to their admission in evidence on the grounds that they were communications made to him in his professional capacity of solicitor to the Government of his Highness the Nizam, and that they were not relevant to the suit.

In the course of a discussion as to whether the judge could look at the letters to decide as their relevancy, Mr. Lang asked: Do you object to my reading them?

Mr Roughton: Yes, I object, though not to his Lordship seeing them.

Mr. Kirkpatrick asked his lordship to see what the letters related to in order to judge of their relevancy. The learned counsel mentioned an English case in which that course was adopted. He took the objection on the ground of privilege, remarking that on that ground Mr. Roughton would not be justified in producing the letters in question. Three of the letters at any rate related to matters connected with the Nizam's Government, and were privileged.

The question of privilege was then discussed at some length, and Mr. Kirkpatrick cited several authorities on the point of privilege.

Mr. Lang argued that the letters were admissible, on the ground of relevancy. Mr. Roughton had, in an affidavit of documents, stated that they might possibly be held to be relevant, and the Court might look at them.

The judge said that the point raised by Mr. Roughton was that of privilege.

Mr. Lang cited several authorities in su pport of his contention that the solicitor had no privilege, and that it was the client who had. This was really a suit between the plaintiff and the Nizam's Government, and the learned counsel urged that Mr. Roughton could not plead privilage in this matter. The learned counsel objected to his lordship looking at the letters unless he also was allowed to look at them.

His lordship took time to consider his decision on the two points raised by Mr. Roughton, and the Court adjourned until this morning.

HIGH COURT.—APPELLATE SIDE.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood and the Hon. Mr. Justice PARSONS.)

CONVICTION QUASHED AND SENTENCE REVERSED.

IMPERATRIX *vs.* ABDOOL ALIM KHAN.

AN application for review was made by the accused Abdool Alim Khan, Abkari Inspector, in the case in which Mr. W. R. Hamilton, the Second Presidency Magistrate, on the 10th December last, convicted him of adultery with one Rahimatbi, an alleged wife of Shaik Chotoo Peer Ally, and sentenced him to pay a fine of Rs. 200, or in default to undergo simple imprisonment for two months. Their lordships called for a report on the 11th ultimo from the magistrate, and on reading the report, but without calling upon the accused's counsel, Mr. Inverarity, to address the Court, on Wednesday last, quashed the conviction and reversed the sentence, and made an order for a re-trial of the case before another magistrate.

DIVINE SERVICES.

FOURTH SUNDAY IN LENT, 8TH MARCH 1891.

ST. THOMAS' CATHEDRAL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins.
8 a.m.—Holy Communion—(Choral). Agatter in "G."—Hymns 90, 312 and 294.
4-45 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon by the Right Revd. the Lord Bishop of Bombay.—Hymns 91 and 288.
Magnificat and Nunc Dimittis—Bunnets in "F."
Anthem—"Incline Thine ear." Himmell.
Daily Matins at 6-45 a.m. and Evensong at 5 p.m.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH, MALABAR HILL.

7-30 a.m.—Matins and Holy Communion.
5-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST, COLABA.

(Afghan Memorial Church.)

8 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m—Choral, Matins, and Sermon (Parade Service).—Hymns 189, 162 and 166.
5 p.m.—Children's Service.—Hymns 334 and 343. Offertory for Children's Hospital.
6 p.m.—Choral, Evensong, and Special Lenten Sermon.—Subject, "False Penitence."—Hymns 249 and 95. 51st Psalm.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, ESPLANADE.

(Near School of Art.)

7-45 a.m.—Celebration of the Holy Communion and Sermon.—Hymns 4, 238 and 177.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 180, 277 and 234.
The offertories for Church expenses and poor relief.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, ESPLANADE.

11 a.m.—Morning Service.
4-30 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 327, 372 and 291. Rev. R. M. Gray, M.A. (Pastor).

MISSION CHURCH, GIRGAUM.

11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 318 and 345.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 150, 154, and 138.

CHRIST CHURCH, BYCULLA.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
11 a.m.—Morning Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 7, 109 and 251.
5 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evening Prayer and Sermon.—Hymns 185, 265, and 24.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH.

(Colaba Causeway.)

11 a.m.—Rev. E. Mortimer.
4 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Rev. E. Mortimer.
(Byculla, adjoining Victoria Gardens.)
9 a.m.—Rev. E. Mortimer.
4 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Mr. H. A. Geyer.
Cordial invitation to all.

ST. PETER'S CHURCH, MAZAGON.

6-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion (Choral); Sermon by Rev. B. Beale.
10 a.m.—Catechism (Choral) and Matins; by Rev. Fr. Gardner.
6 p.m.—Evensong (Choral); Sermon by Rev. W. M. Nanson.
Daily 6-30 and 7 a.m., and 8 p.m.—(Choral.)
8 p.m.—Wednesdays (Litany) and Fridays (Compline) with Sermon.
Alms for the poor.

SAINT PAUL'S CHURCH, KAMATIPURA.

6 p.m.—Evening Service.—Hymns 91, 282, and 167.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH, PAREL.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
8 a.m.—Matins and Sermon.
6 p.m.—Sunday School.
6 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

ST. NICHOLAS' CHURCH.

7-30 a.m.—Holy Communion.
6-30 p.m.—Evensong and Sermon.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

9 a.m.—B. B. and C. I. Railway Institute, Parel.
6 p.m.—St. Andrew's Church, Fort.
Hy. 66, 2nd tune; 61, 1st tune; Hy. 212, 231, 1st tune.

BOMBAY YOUNG MEN'S CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Service will be held on board the s. s. Kirby Hall, in the Victoria Dock, on Sunday morning at eleven o'clock. The Bethel Flag will be hoisted. All are cordially invited.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

THURSDAY, NIGHT, MARCH 5.

10 p.m. ... ... 76·4

FRIDAY MARCH 6.

6 a.m. ... ... 73·5
10 a.m. ... ... 80·0
2 p.m. ... ... 82·7
4 p.m. ... ... 81·6

AN amusing scene was (according to the London correspondent of the *Manchester Examiner*) witnessed in one of the dining-rooms of the House of Commons a few weeks ago. Owing to the large attendance at the debate the rooms were crowded. Two corner tables are always reserved, one for Ministers and another for ex-Ministers. Of course, the reasons for such a custom are obvious. But four Parnellites took possession of the Gladstonian table. When in the middle of their luncheon Sir William Harcourt appeared. The blood of all the Plantagenets rushed to the face of the right hon. gentleman at the mere sight of the outrage. There were still two vacant seats at the table, but Sir William turned on his heel and walked proudly away. Then came Mr Stansfeld, but even the Democrat who sits for Halifax would not have it, and cleared out. Mr. Campbell-Bannerman came next, and rather than countenance the outrage sat down at the Liberal Unionist table, where he was shortly afterwards joined by Lord Hartington. The whole room was convulsed at the humour of the situation.

THE London County Council is (writes the London correspondent of the *Manchester Examiner*) about to take the jerry-builder in hand, and to that end has drawn up some new bye-laws which ought to checkmate him at several important points. One of these affects the description and quality of the substances of which plastering is to be made, while another prescribes the mode in which, and the materials with which any excavation made within a line, drawn outside the site of a house or building at a uniform distance therefrom of three feet, is to be filled up. The new bye-laws also make some important alterations as regards the duties and remuneration of the district surveyors.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLE ASSOCIATION.

LIST OF PRIZE WIN

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade Advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

DIRECT from the Mines.—The Best Collection of Diamonds, of all sizes, and of the Greatest Brilliancy, just received. Rings made to order in three days. Prices exceptionally low.—MARCKS & Co., Ld., Bombay and Poona.

FRESH FISH, FRUIT, and reliable Domestic Servants to up-country Stations at shortest notice, as supplied to Mr. Wutzler during the tours of H. R. H. Prince Albert Victor, H. I. H. the Czarewitch, and the annual tour of H. E. the Viceroy and many others.—E. LEWIS and Co., 9, Military Square, Fort.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED —Comfortable PHAETON and TONGA DAWKS from POONA to MAHABLESHWAR also from WATHAR to MAHABLESHWAR can be obtained at reasonable rates from BURJORJEE PESHOTAN, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier to ordinary to H. E. Lord Reay, late Governor of Bombay.

NOTICE.—THE PROPRIETOR, LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL begs to notify to the Public that he has CLOSED his present Hotel at Lanowli in Mr. ROBERT FREDERICK'S BUNGALOW, and WILL OPEN a new Hotel at KHANDALLA, (which is popularly considered to be a Better and Healthier Place than Lanowli) shortly.

WHITE and CREAM SATIN EVENING SHOES, Plain or Beaded. Rs. 3-8 and Rs. 10-8.—BADHAM, PILE & Co., Ld., Bombay.

FOREIGN STAMPS.—Cheap, rare, used and unused Stamps, loose and in Packets. Send for Price List from P. CLIFFORD, Girgaum.

AUCTION SALE TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, of several lots of ground at Bandora, opposite Old Parsee Boarding School, and on the East Side of the Hill.

TO-DAY'S ICES, Vanilla, Raspberry, and Mango, also Wines and Spirits of the best Quality, English and French Confectionary, Chocolate, and Chocolate Creams to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONER, 25, Church Gate Street, Fort, Bombay.

BONA-FIDE SALE of Mr. W. MACDONALD'S Furniture, Pictures, &c. Ridge, Malabar Hill, on MONDAY, the 9th, at 1-30 p. m.

THE SALE of DR. J. P. BARRY'S valuable furniture, piano, tent, carriage, horse, books, &c., at No. 9, Marine Lines, near Marine Battalion Mess, TO-DAY, at 1 P.M.

WALERS! WALERS!! WALERS!!! Will be Sold by Auction This Day, SATURDAY, at 3-30 P.M., to the Highest Bidder at Colaba, opposite Tramway Stables.

A First-Class Personal SERVANT REQUIRED by Mr. Branson, Barrister, Cumballa Hill. Apply immediately.

WANTED, a Competent Accountant, thoroughly acquainted with Mill Accounts and able to Correspond in English. Apply in writing with testimonials to "C.," care of this Paper.

WANTED, from the 1st of April, 1891, an European BANDMASTER for the 25th Regt' (3rd Bn. Rifle Regt.) Bo. L. Applications to be addressed to the BAND SECRETARY, 25th Regiment (3rd Bn. Rifle Regt) Bo. L., Poona.

WANTED, by a young American Gentleman a position as ASSISTANT in a Mercantile Business, at Bombay. High references given.—HOWARD ROSENPLAENTER, Medan, O. K., Sumatra.

WANTED, a Nurse to take charge of a Boy, age five years, in return for a Second-Class passage from Bombay to London by P. and O. Steamer of the 28th March or 11th April. Apply to "H. W. W.," care of this Office.

RACE VIEW HOTEL, MAHABLESHWAR.—The above Hotel is next to Lord Reay Villa. It is under a First-Class Management. It is open only to European Ladies and Gentlemen.

MRS. WALDRON'S BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT, Colaba Causeway, next to Apollo Hotel, WILL BE OPENED from the 1st March. Nice, airy rooms. Open on all sides facing the Sea. Terms moderate. Apply Mrs. WALDRON on the premises.

BUNGALOW, TO LET, on the Sea-Shore, opposite Scottish Orphanage, Mahim. Apply to DHUNJIBHOY J. JUSAWALA, Middle Colaba, opposite Panday Sanatarium.

TO BE LET.—TOP FLOOR of the Tract and Book Society. Nice, airy residence. Rent, Rs. 100 a Month.

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COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

BOMBAY MARKET REPORT.

FRIDAY EVENING, MARCH 6.

BUSINESS in Produce generally has been less active during the past week than in the period covered by our last Report. Demand for Cotton has fallen off both from exporters and consumers (though latterly the former have been more in the market than spinners) and prices, in presence of news from the ruling markets, have given way to the extent of Re. 1 to Rs. 5 per candy. In Wheat and Seeds of all descriptions transactions have been upon a small scale throughout the week; but the tone of both markets has been steady, and prices, excepting that for Linseed which has receded slightly, are unchanged. Exchange has shown comparatively little movement either way, but, on the whole, a small advance has been established, our closing rates this evening being 1-16d. to ⅛d. above those which ruled last Friday. The demand for Money continues to increase, and the Presidency Bank has further advanced its rates by one per cent. Government Paper is ¼ per cent. higher in Fours. Freights are firm but with little business doing owing to the high rates demanded. Transactions in Imports continue on the previous moderate scale, governed from day to day by the course of Exchange, prices of staple goods being generally well maintained.

MONEY.—The turn in the current towards dearer money which set in some three weeks ago, in view of greater activity in the export branch of our trade, has not been stemmed by the advance of the Presidency Bank's rate by one per cent. in the middle of last week; and the Statement of Affairs issued by the Bank on Monday afternoon disclosed a decrease in the Cash Balance of 69¼ lakhs since the previous Saturday, making it stand at 305¼ lakhs. The falling off in the balance is less by about 6½ lakhs than that shown by the previous Return; but the increase in the trade demand is within a lakh and a quarter as great as in the week preceding, at 70½ lakhs, the principal item affected being again Private Deposits, which had diminished by 46½ lakhs; at the same time a marked increase (14¾ lakhs) had taken place in *Bills Discounted*; while the addition to Loans (9½ lakhs) had again been considerable. Under these circumstances the directors of the Bank naturally put up their rates another one per cent. yesterday afternoon, and the minimum is therefore now 5 per cent. per annum.

EXCHANGE remained with a quiet feeling to the end of last week at about Friday evening's rates without further movement to speak of and with very little business passing either way. A rather steadier tone was apparent after the closing of the mail, and the market left off quiet but steady, with forward Demand quoted at 1s. 5 1-16 to ⅛d. for April delivery; Telegraphic, at 1s. 5 to 1s. 5 1-16d. for April-May transfer; and Credits 1s. 5 5-16d. to ⅛d. for April-May delivery. Saturday's final rates were quoted at opening on Monday morning in a firm Market, and the same tone prevailed to the close, an advance of 1-16d. in rates having been established during the day. A good deal of business transpired in Private Bills, at 1s. 5 5-16d. ready, 1s. 5⅜d. for March, 1s. 5 7-16d. for April-May delivery, for three months' sight Credits; but there was nothing doing in Bank remittance. The market was firm at opening on Tuesday, at the previous evening's quotations, and Calcutta rates coming higher than ours, an advance of 1-16d. was established here; but later telegrams reporting weakness in that market, we closed with a quiet feeling, and with ready Credits probably saleable a shade below current quotations. A fair amount of Merchants' Bills were sold at 1s. 5⅛d. for ready, and 1s. 5 7-16d. for all March; and Bank Demand having advanced from 1s. 5⅜d. to 1s. 5 5-16d., and re-sales were made at 1s. 5 9-32d; but 1s. 5⅛d. was done later on; and only a small amount of business in the aggregate transpired. Rates were quoted 1-16 lower at opening on Thursday in a quiet market; but the feeling subsequently became steady and eventually firm, though without any appreciable advance in rates. A moderate amount of three months' sight Private Bills was placed at 1s. 5⅜d. for this month; but nothing transpired in the Bank media of remittance. To-day the market has been quiet and unchanged at yesterday's final rates. A moderate amount of Merchants' Bills have been placed at 1s. 5⅜d. for three months' sight Credits; but this was only obtainable for near delivery in the afternoon; with April-May delivery quoted at 1s. 5 7-16d., but not much Paper offering. At closing the feeling was quiet but steady, with forward Bank Demand quoted at 1s. 5 3-16d. to ⅛d. for May-June, and ready rates as follows :—

Bank Bills on Demand		1s. 5⅛d.
Do.	Telegraphic	1s. 5 1-16d.
Do.	3 months' sight	1s. 5⅛d.
Do.	4 months' sight	1s. 5 5-16d.
Do.	6 months' sight	1s. 5⅜d.
Credits	3 months' sight	1s. 5⅜d.
Do.	6 months' sight	1s. 5½d.
Documents,	3 months' sight	1s. 5 13-32d.
Do.	6 months' sight	1s. 5 17-32d.
Francs	3 months' sight	1'33
Do.	6 months' sight	1'34¼

GOVERNMENT PAPER was steady in tone on last mail day, and the price of Fours for Money and the settlement advanced ¼ per cent., though, for the April account there was no change, closing quotations having been 103¼ and 102 15-16, respectively. Monday having been settling day for the March account a large business was done in Fours at 103⅜ to ½. The feeling was firm at an advance of ¼ per cent., closing rates having been 103⅜ for Money, and 103 1-16 for the April account. As usual after the monthly settlement, the market was quiet on Tuesday; but the tendency in rates was upward, and an advance of ¼ per cent. for Money, and 3-16 for Account was obtained. Business was done at 103¼ and 103 5-16 for the April settlement; but the feeling at closing was weak at 103⅛ for cash, and 103¼ for the April account. On the following day there was a weak feeling at opening and early business was done in Fours for Account at 103⅛, and afterwards at 103 1-16; but the market afterwards became steady and closed firm at 103 7-16 for cash, and 103 3-16 for the April account. Yesterday the market opened weak in sympathy with a decline in Silver Securities on the other side, and business was done in Fours for the next settlement at 103⅛ to 3-16; but a firmer tone set in towards the close, and final rates were 103 7-16 for cash, and 103⅜ for the April account. The market has been rather active to-day and rates have advanced 1-16 per cent. in Fours for cash, and 3-16 per cent. for the next settlement, closing quotations being 103⅜ for Money, 103 5-16 for April, and 103 1-16 for the May account. The price of 4½ per cents. has advanced to 107½; but the quotation is nearly nominal.

Municipal 5 per cent Loan is ½ per cent. lower, at 105½. Port Trust Bonds are unchanged at par.

SHARES have been quiet in tone throughout the week, and there has been little movement in prices of Cotton Mill Scrip. Compared with last Friday's quotations however, we note an advance of Rs. 25 in National; of Rs. 15 each in Alliance, Framji Petit, and Sholapore; of Rs. 10 each, in James Greaves, and Luckmidas; of Rs. 7½ in Hyderabad; of Rs. 5 each in Queen, Imperial, and David; and of Rs. 2½ in Mazagon; and a decline of Rs. 35 in Khatao Macconji; of Rs. 20 in Bombay United; of Rs. 10 each in Empress and Jivraz Balloo; and of Rs. 5 each in Hindustan, New Great Eastern, and Presidency. In Press Shares, Akbar have declined Rs. 20; Prince of Wales Rs. 15; Fort Rs. 10; English Rs. 5; and Mofussil Rs. 2½; while Munmar have advanced Rs. 7½; and Bombay and Volkarts Rs. 5 each. In Miscellaneous concerns, Bombay-Burma Trading are Rs. 50 higher for the first issue, and Rs. 15 for the others; Bombay Flour have further advanced Rs. 5 per share.

IMPORTS.

PIECE GOODS.—The operations of wholesale upcountry buyers of *Grey Goods* have been irregular and mainly guided by the fluctuations in Exchange; but retail purchases have been regular and on a moderate scale. Rates have been steadily supported, though dealers have been willing sellers at current rates. Stocks are moderate. There is no change whatever in *Bleached, Dyed, Turkey Red,* and *Printed Goods*. China buyers have taken a few lots of *local* made *S. Cloth*; but rates for local *Goods* are tending downwards. The Clearances from the bazaar of *Imported Goods* for the past week have been about 3,700 packages; three of *Local Goods* about 1,600 bales.

YARNS.—The enquiry for *Imported Twist* has continued on a very limited scale, and only a small business has been done in a quiet market, and with prices quite unchanged. Sales of *Bombay Spinnings* in China for the fortnight ending last Monday amounted to 10,000 bales, with Exchange at Rs. 222, and a further small improvement in the price of 20s. had been established. This has led to a fair demand for that count here, and its value has consequently advanced 1-16 anna per lb.; Nos. 6s, 8s, and 16s, however, are dull and declining. The Sales for the week have aggregated about 7,000 bales, and the market closed active and advancing at the following official quotations :—

Twist	No. 6s Mule, As.	4¼	to	4¾	per lb.
"	" 8s. "	4¾	"	5	"
"	" 10s. "	4¾	"	5¼	"
"	" 12s. "	5	"	5⅛	"
"	" 16s. "	5½	"	6	"
"	" 20s. "	5¾	"	6¼	"
"	" 24s. "	6¼	"	6⅜	"
"	" 30s. "	7	"	7¼	"
"	" 40s. "	8	"	8¼	"

METALS.—Notwithstanding lower quotations from the other side, both Copper and *Yellow Metal* have advanced in value here, the former 4 annas, and the latter 8 anthas per cwt., the market for both being steady, but only a moderate business report-ed. *Iron* also is steady at an advance of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 in prices.

COAL.—Sales have been made during the past week of Powell's Duffryn Cardiff, for March-April and April-May shipment at Rs. 17¼ to Rs. 17 per ton, and these are said to be more buyers at these rates, but sellers are not anxious to operate for the present. Ready lots of Nixon's Navigation *ex* "Knight Commander" have found buyers at Rs. 17½ to Rs. 18 per ton. The market closed firm, say, at Rs. 17 per ton for Powell's Duffryn, for March-April, and April-May shipment; Rs. 16 for Davison's West Hartley, in the same positions; and Rs. 14½ per ton for West Hartley Main.

EXPORTS.

COTTON last week closed with a quiet market for this staple, and very little fresh business passing, while Belatee, Broach, and Bengal were Re. 1 per candy lower. On Monday the tone was still quiet, and a further general decline of Re. 1 to Re. 1½ per candy in prices took place; but the lower rates brought forward more buyers, especially for local consumption, and considerable transactions were reported. Thereafter the market became dull, with only a small or moderate business passing, till yesterday, when freely large purchases were made chiefly by exporters, at a further drop of Re. 1 per candy, the feeling in the market remaining dull. The principal purchases by the Mills for the week have been in Julgaum at Rs. 164½-72; Bengals, at Rs. 154-76; Broach, at Rs. 210-11; Barsee, at Rs. 192-5½; and Dhulia, at Rs. 152-7; with smaller lots of Oojein, at Rs. 169-73; Pachora, at Rs. 152-9; Indore, at Rs. 170½; Khangaum, at Rs. 170-2½; Bhownugger, at Rs. 196-7; and Mowa, at Rs. 189-97; while for export the business done has been mainly in ready Bengals, at Rs. 157½-72; Broach, at Rs. 210; Bhownugger, at Rs. 192; Indore, at Rs. 171½-2; Dhulia, at Rs. 155-60; Pachora, at Rs. 163; Kutch, at Rs. 157; and Mowra, at Rs. 191½; and in contracts for Broach, for March delivery, at Rs. 201-9; and Bhownugger, for May, at Rs. 183½-4½ per candy. The Market closed dull this evening with prices Re. 1 to Rs. 5 per candy than they stood at last Friday evening.

The arrivals of new Cotton continue to increase both as compared with the previous week's arrivals, and the receipts at the corresponding time last season. The figures since last Friday are 112,000 bales, against 81,500 bales to hand in the previous week, and 80,500 bales in the corresponding week in 1890; and the excess in this season's total arivals compared with those last year has become reduced to 106,000 bales.

The following are to-day's quotations for full-pressed Cotton, with the equivalents in Sterling, Cost, and Freight to Liverpool, via Canal, without commission, viz :—

Cotton—	Per candy.	Per lb. C. & f.
Sengal Fine	Rs. 169	3 25-32d.
Do. Fully Good	156	3d.
Do. Good	147	3 5-16d.
Oomra, Fully Good (Good Staple) March	189	4 3-16d.
Do. Good do do	181	4 1-32d.
Khandeish, Fully Good (March)	169	3 25-32d.
Do. Good do	161	3 11-16d.
Broach, Fine (March)	208	4 19-32d.
Do. Good do	201	4 7-16d.
Belatee, Fine	171	3 13-16d.
Do. Fully Good	164	3 11-16d.
Do. Good	160	3 19-32d.
Dholleras, Fine (April-May)	196	4d.
Do. Fully Good "	188	4 3-16d.
Do. Good "	181	4 1-32d.
S. G. Dharwar Good (April)	190	4 7-32d.
Westerns Good (May)	179	4d.

The Arrivals of new Cotton into Bombay this Season, as compared with last, are as follows :—

	Season. 1890-91. Bales.	Season. 1889-90. Bales.
Bengals	208,500	285,000
Hingunghat	17,500	25,000
Berar	189,500	234,500
Khandeish	225,500	194,000
Barsee and Nuggor	47,000	59,500
Sind and Persian	10,500	23,000
Broach	46,000	44,500
Dhollera	44,000	29,000
	788,500	894,500

The movements of Cotton to date show the following comparison with the previous two years :—

Receipts.	1891. Bales.	1890. Bales.	1889. Bales.
For the Week	112,949	84,627	76,650
From 1st Jan. to 5th March	620,141	630,005	633,385
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	39,783	69,322	89,172
From 1st Jan. to 5th March	234,572	347,135	398,510
Clearances to Great Britain and Continent.			
For the Week	5,144	2,316	676
From 1st Jan. to 5th March	25,738	13,017	6,904

WHEAT has attracted very little attention from exporters, and only a small business has been done from day to day during the past week. The feeling in the market, however, has been steady throughout, and prices are quite unchanged for all descriptions.

SEEDS.—*Linseed* advanced half an anna per cwt. at the close of last week in a steady market, but with only a moderate business passing; and yesterday more than this advance was lost, the market having been steady, but inactive meantime. This evening the enhanced quotations of Rs. 6-7 to Rs. 6-12-8 is given; but in other kind[illegible] been no change during the week only a s[illegible]t a moderate, business having transpired.

The Comparative Imports of Wheat and Seeds are as follows :—

	1891. cwt.	1890. cwt.	1889. cwt.
Wheat for the Week	67,611	58,483	59,738
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th March	1,117,911	750,514	898,851
Linseed for the Week	156,290	76,048	50,857
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th March	698,294	297,232	303,608
Rapeseed for the Week	33,292	33,522	6,759
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th March	133,856	176,628	111,905
Gingellyseed for the Week	38,371	50,738	28,864
Do. from 1st Jan. to 5th March	626,346	390,980	416,340

The Clearances of Wheat and Seeds to Great Britain and Continent are as follows :—

	1891. cwt.	1890. cwt.	1889. cwt.
Wheat for the week	81,450	46,961	74,814
Do. from 1st January to 5th March	1,104,246	667,106	1,332,351
Linseed for the week	123,091	57,834	35,780
Do. from 1st January to 5th March	536,865	207,004	376,363
Rapeseed for the week	2,016	42,560	50,518
Do. from 1st January to 5th March	164,480	122,555	327,996
Gingelly seed for the week	59,934	54,025	44,923
Do. from 1st January to 5th March	333,696	373,658	372,137

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

ADEN, MARCH 6.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's steamer Imperatrix arrived this afternoon from Bombay.

SINGAPORE, MARCH 6.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's s. s. Bandora, from Hongkong, left this for Bombay this afternoon.

HONGKONG, MARCH 5.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. Peharan (extra) arrived here from Bombay yesterday morning.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, MARCH 5.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed irregular. Surats steady.

Good Dhollerah ..... 3 15-16.

The Manchester Market has been quiet, but steady.

Exchange on India, 30 days' sight.. Is. 4 15-16d.

2½ per cent. Consols for account	96⅛ ex.
3 per cent. French Rentes	95¼
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	73⅛
4½ per cent. "	76⅜
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan	103⅛ ex.
Bar Silver	44⅛

The Bank of England Returns for the week ending yesterday show the following results :—Total bullion, £23,100,000, decrease, £200,000; public deposits, £13,300,000, decrease, £700,000; other deposits, £29,300,000, increase, £800,000; other securities, £33,400,000, increase, £2,200,000; notes and gold, £15,400,000, decrease, £700,000. The Bank's reserve is 37 per cent. of the liabilities.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. of the 6th March, 1891.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	...	12	...	...	...
Teheran	6	12	7 p.m.	...	33
Suez	6	2	10 p.m.	...	36

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending on 8 p.m. on 6th March, 1891.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time H.	M.
From Calcutta	91	1-37	...	4
" Kurrachee	...	12	...	1
" Madras	...	54	...	1

Trincomalee, March 6.—H. M. S. Boudicea left for Bombay last evening.

Telegrams for the Argentine Republic and beyond can only be accepted via Galveston.

Telegrams can now be accepted for Iquique and Arica in Chili, but must be in plain European language Communication with other parts of Chili remains suspended.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

MARCH 6.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE
OVERLAND SUMMARY.

(Compiled for despatch by the Weekly Mail to Europe.)

Price.—As. 4 per Copy.

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TELEGRAMS.

[REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.]

SPEECH BY LORD SALISBURY.

LONDON MARCH, 5.

Lord Salisbury, speaking at a banquet given by the United Chambers of Commerce, said that the revival of protective Tariffs in America and France was a matter for anxiety, but England had renounced the idea of counteracting the same by a modification of her own fiscal policy.

In regard to the conflicts between labour and capital his Lordship said, it was the duty of the Government to observe neutrality, but to safeguard the freedom of labour. Any interference of Parliament in the hours of the working man, he said, would lead to the loss of our commercial supremacy.

FRENCH PROTEST AGAINST MR. JUSTICE SCOTT'S APPOINTMENT.

CONSTANTINOPLE, MARCH 5.

Count Montebello, the French Ambassador, here has protested on behalf of his Government against the appointment of Mr. Justice Scott as legal adviser to the Egyptian Government, whereby England has exceeded her powers and violated the right of the Porte and others.

SIR ANDREW SCOBLE'S BILL.

LONDON, MARCH 6.

In the House of Commons last night Sir John Gorst, Under-Secretary for India, in reply to a question, said the Age of Consent Bill had been introduced by the Government of India after careful consideration, and they had no intention of withdrawing it.

THE TROOPSHIP MALABAR.

LONDON, MARCH 6.

The troopship Malabar, which put back to Malta with her machinery disabled, has sailed again.

THE OCCUPATION OF TOKAR.

In the Committee of Supply in the Commons last night the Radicals renewed their attack on the Government regarding the occupation of Tokar.

Mr. Stanhope said the Government had not the least intention of reconquering the Soudan.

THE VAGLIANO CASE.

In the case of the Bank of England *versus* Vagliano the Lords have given judgment in favor of the former, the latter being held liable for the forgeries committed by their clerks of bills to the amount of £70,000.

THE SCOTCH STRIKES.

The Scotch furnacemen have accepted the masters' terms after a strike lasting twenty-one weeks.

FINANCIAL PANIC AT BUENOS AYRES.

LONDON, MARCH 6.

Advices from Buenos Ayres state a financial panic has taken place there, and that the Government have issued a decree closing the Bolsa Banks and Customs for two days, owing to the run on the Provincial Bank.

ENGLAND AND PORTUGAL.

Although Lord Salisbury is most anxious to come to some arrangement in regard to South Africa, Portugal refuses the British condition, and a settlement is therefore considered to be improbable.

THE CANADIAN ELECTIONS.

OTTAVA, MARCH 6.

The Canadian elections have ended.

Several ministers have been defeated and the Government majority has been reduced by one-half.

THE GOLD QUESTION IN AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, MARCH 6.

The treasury is taxing exported gold bars, and if this fails to stop the efflux it may refuse to exchange bars for shipment.

THE VICEREGAL LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENCE.)

CALCUTTA, MARCH 6.

At the Viceregal Legislative Council to-day Reports of the Select Committees on the Bills to amend the (2) Merchant Seamen and Merchant Shipping Act, (2) the Ships Registration Act, and the Indian Easements Act, were presented, and the Bills were duly passed.

The Select Committee's report on the Bill to amend the Indian Factories Act was also presented, but the passing of the Bill was postponed to the next meeting.

Sir Andrew Scoble also presented the report of the Select Committe on the Age Bill.

In regard to the alteration in the Code of Criminal Procedure the Hon. Sir Andrew Scoble, the Hon. P. Hutchins, the Hon. K. L. Nulkar, and the Hon. Mr. Bliss, who, with Sir Romesh Chunder Mitter formed a Committee stated that they concur with the several authorities in thinking that only Magistrates of the highest class should be permitted to take cognizance of the offence of rape, where an offence is alleged to have been committed by the husband of an outraged girl. They also concur with the Judges of the Calcutta High Court in thinking it desirable that where an investigation by the police officers with respect to such offence is deemed necessary such investigation should be made by the officer of a superior rank, and they propose to amend the Bill accordingly. In other respects the Bill appears to them to be open to no objection.

Sir Romesh Chunder Mitter, as a member of both the Committees, submitted a long minute, protesting against the provisions of the Bill on similar grounds he urged on previous occasions, strengthened by many of the orthodox opinions which lately have been urged by the newspapers.

The debate on the Bill was postponed till the next meeting of the Council.

SIR GEORGE GREAVES ON TOUR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, MARCH 6.

Sir George Greaves, accompanied by Brigadier-General Gatacre, Adjutant General, Major Spratt, his Military Secretary, and Captain Peyton, Aide-de-Camp, left Poona to-night by the passenger train for Bombay, *en route* to Aden, on a tour of inspection.

THE POONA CITY MUNICIPALITY.

The Poona City Municipality to-day prosecuted a householder for making an addition to his house without its sanction. It turned out that accused had merely repaired an old door. The bench of honorary Magistrates, before whom the case was tried, marked their disapproval of the frequency with which similar vexatious cases have been brought up by the Municipality by fining this body ten rupees.

THE HARE-HANNAY ASSAULT CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, MARCH 6.

Mr. Sherlock Hare was brought before the magistrate again to-day. The Civil Surgeon of the station said that so far as he believed, Mr. Hare was quite sane. Mr. Hare pleaded guilty to the charge of assault, and was fined Rs. 100.

THE CENSUS.

The population of Rangoon is shown by the present census to be 1,81,071 as against 1,34,176 last census.

[redacted]

Naini Tal afterwards in his Kumaon tr[redacted]

AN ENGLISH OFFICER LENT TO ODEYPORE STATE.

The Oodypore State is to be lent the [redacted] of Mr. Egerton, District Superintendent of Police, Ajmere, for settlement work.

Mr. Clogstoun, personal assistant to the Inspector-General of Police, Bengal, will succeed him.

FAREWELL DINNER TO MR. DYSON.

A farewell dinner at Chutter Munsil was given by the members of the Oudh Bar on Tuesday to Mr. J. Dyson, additional Judicial Commissioner for Oudh, on his retiring from the service.

MR. DYSON'S SUCCESSOR.

Mr. W. Burkett, officiating Judge, Jaunpore, takes over charge from Mr. Dyson on Saturday.

THE COMMAND OF THE 1ST STAFFORD.

Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. Thomas, formerly of the K. O. S. B.'s Brigade-Major, Cawnpore, and Manchester Regiment, Agra, has been selected for the command of the 1st Staffordshire Regiment at Gibraltar.

THE UMBALLA POLO TOURNAMENT.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

UMBALLA, MARCH 6.

The final tie in the Polo Tournament was played this afternoon between the 7th Hussars and the 7th Dragoon Guards. The game was a very good one for the early part, then the Hussars got measure of their adversaries, and had it much their own way of winning by five goals to one.

SIR ANDREW SCOBLE'S BILL.

(FROM CORRESPONDENTS.)

SHOLAPUR, MARCH 6.

An open-air public meeting was held to-day of the leading Hindu and Mahomedan gentlemen and was attended by over five thousand persons. Rao Sahib Mallappa Parad presided. Shastris and Kajees sat together with pleaders, merchants, municipal commissioners, &c. A memorial against the Bill was read and adopted. A separate memorial from elected municipal commissioners was also read and the chairman was requested to forward it. The memorialists take their stand on the opinion of the Bombay Government in 1885, and request the withdrawal of the Bill as interfering with their religious and social customs and as against treat constitutional checks like the proclamation of 1858. It was also resolved to request the Honorable Rao Bahadur Nulkar to place this view of the Sholapur public before Government, and to request different committees to arrange to sent a deputation to England if necessary.

AHMEDABAD, MARCH 6.

At a meeting of the Vadnagra Nagars, considered to be the highest Brahman caste in Gujerat, it [redacted] yesterday that the caste was ne[redacted]ainst the Age Bill.

VANITY FAIR.

(FROM OUR LADY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, FEB. 13.

SHALL men marry their deceased wives' sisters—the hardy perennial of the Commons' has reappeared again this week, and was decided in the affirmative by a majority of 47—302 for, 155 on the contrary. The same old arguments in favour of the Bill, which as Mr. Jeffreys plaintively puts it, extinguishes the maiden aunt, and transforms her into the stepmother, were again gone through with the same result—the Bill passed the House of Commons, and it will be probably again thrown out in the Lords. Meanwhile every man who chooses to do so, goes through a form of marriage with his deceased wife's sister, and takes the consequences, with the result that it is the law, and not the law-breaker that falls into disrepute. But whatever view one takes of the present state of legislation on the subject, one must recognize that it has a logical basis to stand on, wanting in the new Bill, which proposes to legalize marriage with a deceased wife's sister while ignoring the similar case of marriage with a deceased husband's brother said to be an event of so rare an occurrence as to be unworthy of attention. It is, however, often said that it is the unexpected that happens. And some writer tells us that "Women's faculty for making incongruous marriages is the corner-stone of civilization—it preserves the social equilibrium."

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In Atcheson, Kansas, a woman recently fell in love with a widower and married him for no other reason than that he took such good care of his first wife's grave. Whether it be with a view to preserving the social equilibrium or otherwise, it may happen that after this Bill legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister has passed, some royal lady may elect to marry her deceased husband's brother, and then there will be the whole ground to travel again. Or supposing a case in which two brothers marry two sisters. To put it plainly, John and James Smith marry Mary and Maud Brown. In course of time, and after the Deceased Wife's Sister Bill has passed, John Smith dies and James Smith loses his wife, whereupon, the survivors James Smith and Mrs. John Smith, agree to seek consolation in marriage. But then comes the uncomfortable part of the business. James can legally marry his sister-in-law, Mrs. John Smith, but poor Mrs. John Smith cannot legally marry him being her deceased husband's brother. There is no need to foreshadow the sequel. What logical person could feel bound to submit to such legislation? Women are not supposed to be logicians, but while there are senators so deficient in the quality the finger of scorn need not be pointed at the ladies, or verses written to exemplify it. The *New York Herald* lately published this address to *Woman*.

'A matter worthy her consideration'
In the years that lie behind you
You might scorn the simplest laws,
Argument of any kind, you
Might dismiss with just "Because."
But when higher education
Makes you equal with the men
And you seek such elevation,
How about your reasons then?

Well perhaps by that time *Woman* will have got as good reasons to give as the *New York Herald* had when asked why it discontinued its daily edition in London.

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The hearts of those interested in the progress of woman-kind were gratified on Tuesday by the very full attendance at the meeting in support of Women County Councillors held at Westminster, Town Hall, the Earl of Meath who took the chair at 8 p.m. was supported by several well-known men and a number of equally well-known women. On his left was Magaret Lady Sandhurst, massive and uncompromising as usual; on his right Miss Cons, the Alderman, unobtrusive and unassuming. A little farther off Miss Cobden, with her sculpturesque grey hair under a smart black and crimson velvet bonnet, looked down smilingly on the multitude, while at the other side Mrs. Massingherd in her short workmanlike gown, and Mrs. Costelloe in garments that were a trifle too hygienic to be called fashionable, represented woman ready for the fray. The speakers were alternately men and women, and on the whole gave very convincing speeches of the necessity, for both sexes being admitted to sit on the County Council. It must, however, be owned that some of the men graciously offered to give seats to women for reasons that were not altogether complimentary. One man dilated on the want of female supervision in lunatic asylums, there being so many more mad females than males. Another thought the influence of women might be useful in seeing that the pauper babies' feeding bottles were kept sweet—a qualification he felt he was not up to—or perhaps he meant to suggest that he was above. A working man from Bow and Bromley, one of the electors who returned Miss Cobden [redacted]

[redacted] Whether [redacted] women's costume [redacted] considerably influence [redacted] have been mainly responsible for the rage for the crinoline, and he very nearly converted England to Bloomerism by his fascinating drawings. Gainsborough is also credited justly with encouraging extravagance in the size of hats, while Frith set the fashion for Dolly Varden Gowns, Charles Keene for peg top trousers, and Du Maurier for the peculiar innovation of black stockings worn with white costumes. Meanwhile the *Daily Graphic* has been interviewing some famous dancers on the question of long skirts *versus* short ones. Miss Letty Lind, whose speciality is to twirl gracefully in voluminous accordion-pleated frocks, approves of long dresses, and does not think they are usually worn to hide slovenly steps and paces. Miss Kate Vaughan also dances in long dresses, while Miss Sylvia Grey has studied both accomplishments, skirt manipulation as well as the acrobatic feats of the modern *pas seul*, which are supposed to injure the shape of the foot and ankle. Skirts of moderate length short enough to show all that is prettiest of a well formed calf and a slender ankle, and to make bad steps impossible, is the ideal dress of the dancer, according to Miss Phyllis Broughton. Where a girl has been thoroughly taught the art of stage dancing, says Miss Broughton, she seldom wants to veil it in long skirts unless indeed she has singularly unfortunate feet and ankles. The art of appreciating a delicate leg and ankle will be developed under the new regime of reformed gowns if they are made short enough. But what of those who as Miss Phyllis Broughton says, have singularly unfortunate feet and ankles. Such a one was Helen Abercrombie, the very beautiful girl, whom Thomas Wainwright murdered. "Yes," he said, when reproached with the deed in prison, "it was a dreadful thing to do but she had very ugly ankles." As a fact, it was not because her ankles offended his artistic eyes, but that he wanted the full control of her money.

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The new weekly illustrated rival to the *Graphic* and *Illustrated London News*, *Black and White*, is come out, and the letter-press, and pictures are good. There is a certain old-fashionedness about the head pieces that suggest with their cupids and undraped figures, and flowing scrolls, the borrowing of ideas from the sculptured monuments in St. Paul's and it is a great mistake to double the fine portrait of Rembrandt's mother. Once upon a time it was the fashion for married men to entertain a bachelor party of friends to dinner, their wives of course retiring for the moment to the nursery, or if need be to the kitchen. How this generation has turned the tables! The Cambridge ladies have organized what they call a Ladies' Family Club; (though *entre-nous* it is hard to say where the family comes in); and they have adopted a plan of dining in rotation at each member's house. By the names of those who have joined, it appears that the object will be educational and also to take up the question of social reform. Gentlemen are not eligible, and the exclusion of the male sex from the convivial meetings is so stringent that the husband of the lady whose turn it is to entertain, must on the occasion take his turn to dine with the children in the nursery, or to supervise, if necessary, culinary progress in the kitchen.

A LEGEND OF AN OLD PALACE.

WE had been wandering in the districts for weeks, my chum and I, when we came to a large village, where we were likely to be detained for several days. It was towards the end of May, and the heat was intense. There was no shady camping ground near, nor was there a traveller's bungalow in the place. Our first day there was far from a pleasant one, and when the sun was low enough in the heavens to make it possible for us to leave our oven-like tents, we sallied forth to inspect our surroundings. We were first attracted by a high fort with some imposing looking buildings on the top, which had been visible for miles as we approached the village in the morning, and notwithstanding the heat and weariness of a day spent in a temperature of 115°, we climbed to the top, more, however, in the hope of finding cooler air than for the sake of admiring the view. On reaching the summit we found to our surprise a large edifice in a fair state of preservation, inhabited only by the owls and the bats. It was a curious sort of building, apparently half palace and half temple. The front room was an open hall, measuring 120 by 80 feet, the roof being supported by handsome pillars and Moorish arches. The back part of this hall, more highly decorated than the rest, was raised some feet, forming a kind of dais; off this were several large rooms, all dirty and deserted, but with roof and walls intact. At the back of the dais was a small room, the walls and doorways of which were covered with elaborate carvings. This room contained what was evidently an altar, with a recess behind it like a shrine. The recess was empty; no god, or even roughly-carved stone was to be seen in it. The place puzzled us. It was decidedly of Moorish architecture. This much the arches plainly showed us: but then why this inner temple for a Hindoo idol? The absolute solitude and desertion of that place impressed us, as we could not understand why buildings such as these were left without inhabitants. One thing we determined on: we would take up our abode there next morning, first routing the owls and the bats, and try and solve the mystery.

Dawn next day saw a dozen men at work cleaning the old halls, and a short time sufficed to move our belongings into what we felt sure must have been the palace of ancient kings. We made enquiries as to the history of the palace from the villagers, but one and all professed entire ignorance as to its age, and the reason of its desertion. My chum and I congratulated ourselves on our change of quarters. The thickness of the old walls keeping out the piercing rays of the noon-day sun made it feel a paradise after the heat of our tents. Night came, and we made a dining and sleeping room of a large *chabutra* in front of the palace, and sitting out there in the soft light of the full moon, smoking our cheroots, we felt cool and happy. This *chabutra* was about 100 feet square, and a few steps, perhaps a dozen, led to a terrace, which went round three sides of it, and from there a flight of about a hundred steps led to the large gate-way, which formed the entrance to the inner fort, at the top of which our palace was built. A rugged descent of about 200 feet led to the outer wall of the fort, and near this outer wall were several old buildings, which had probably in the olden days been used for housing troops and retainers.

At peace with ourselves and all the world we went to sleep; out on the *chabutra* be it remembered. I could not have slept many minutes when I woke suddenly as if some one had touched me. I sat up and looked around. Nothing or no one around was to be seen but my friend sleeping peacefully on his cot a little way off. Again I slept and again was wakened, with the same feeling, as if some one were near. I got up and looked round to see if any of the servants had been moving about, but all was silent as the grave. My friend and I and our dogs were the only living creatures to be seen. I looked at my watch and again composed myself to sleep with the same result; on again looking at my watch I found it was only four minutes since I had lain down. I slept again, and again awoke. This happened three times in ten minutes. I then got up, lit a cheroot, and sat down, determined, if possible, to discover the cause, as each time it seemed as if a light touch had wakened me. There was nothing to be seen, and in a couple of hours I slept again, and did not wake till daybreak. Over our *chhota hazri* I related my experiences to my friend, gravely and seriously, as I was much impressed by them, but he treated my tale with ridicule, telling me that I believed all old places must have their family ghosts, and he supposed I would say next night I had been kept awake by the crying of a Banshee!

I thought no more of it through the day, having plenty to occupy me, and the next night slept soundly, so was inclined to laugh at what I must confess to having at first believed to be my ghostly visitor. Imagine my surprise when my friend told me his experiences of that night were exactly the same as mine of the night before. We then called our servants and asked them if they had noticed anything unusual. They said they had not, [redacted] questioned as to where they had [redacted] us [redacted] had occupied, both [redacted] old buildings, near the gateway, [redacted] it, giving as their reason that it [redacted] their food and water carried [redacted] dinner that evening we talked [redacted] urrence, and decided to sit up [redacted] till after the hour the disturb- [redacted] previous nights, but nothing [redacted] to account for it. We put [redacted] inations, probably produced [redacted] ngs, though neither of us [redacted] way inclined, and next [redacted] and chaffed each other [redacted] urbed our rest, and [redacted] or demon to keep [redacted] had a hard day's [redacted] of the vanity of [redacted] re both wakened [redacted] aughed, then we [redacted] nothing would [redacted] the confounded [redacted] gathered from [redacted] disturbed us, [redacted] oy received [redacted] e my taings [redacted] He said [redacted] g this bad [redacted] e people [redacted] the vi- [redacted] aunted, [redacted] below. [redacted] nd or [redacted] d. I [redacted] of [redacted] y.

[redacted] ickets [redacted] [redacted] wy loss, a large number [redacted] made prisoners. Many of these [redacted] were, as was customary in those days, [redacted] tortured to death, others were shut up in dungeons, and others kept as slaves. Among the latter was a man who was wonderfully skilled in architecture. He hoping to regain his liberty, begged of a soldier in charge of the slaves to tell the Rajah he would, if he permitted him, have a palace built for him at the top of the fort, which would exceed in beauty anything he had ever seen. The Rajah was delighted with his proposal, took the chains off him, and bringing him to his house at once set him to work. The building you have been living in is the result of his labours." This accounted to us satisfactorily for the Moorish arches in combinations with a Hindoo Temple, which had puzzled us so much, and we begged him to continue his story. "It is a long story, Sahibs, and a sad one, but as you wish to hear it I will tell it you," he replied. "The Rajah belonged to a Brahmin family, and among his brothers was a bigotted Brahmin priest. This brother, when the building was finished, purified it with many prayers and sacrifices from the pollution of having been planned and partly built by the followers of Mahomed, and caused the room, which now forms the beautifully decorated temple you have seen, to be set apart for the worship of the sacred images. The shrine soon became a celebrated one, and many Brahmins took up their abode there. The Rajah had several sons and only one daughter. This girl was the light of his life, and the joy of his heart. She was talented and beautiful, and from an early age her father delighted in storing her mind with the ancient lore he so dearly loved. When still in her infancy she had been married to the son of a neighbouring Rajah, a few years her senior, but before she had completed her fourth year he died, leaving her to the miserable fate of a Brahmin widow. She was at the time too young to comprehend the misfortune that had fallen her, and her parents, rejoicing in the happy nature of their child, year by year put off informing her of it. Thus the time passed on till Luksmee was almost fifteen years of age. Living in their home, and sharing in the studies and pursuits of Luksmee, was the orphaned son of a distant relative. Unlike the sons of the Rajah, who delighted in the rude sports of the age, Govind was studious and talented, and he and Luksmee were wont to spend hours together daily over their favourite books. What wonder that they two learned to love each other. The priest I have mentioned, Ravi, by name, had often remonstrated with his brother as to the scandal of allowing his daughter to dress as other girls of her age, wreath her hair with flowers, and wore ornaments as if she were not a widow, and many a time threatened him with excommunication if he did not cut her hair, dress her in the coarse white garments suited to her condition, and compel her to live in retirement. Each time the Rajah promised compliance with his wishes, but whenever he tried to tell his daughter of her fate his courage failed him. Luksmee had often witnessed the marriage ceremonies of girls younger than herself, but she thought had never occurred to her that it was strange no one had sought her hand in marriage. Her life was so perfectly happy she never thought of change, nor could she think of life apart from her companion Govind. As yet no word of love had passed between them. Sharing each other's thoughts, and living in each other's presence was happiness enough for them. Things were in this state when Ravi returned to the palace after a prolonged absence. He had been to Benares, and returned to his home burning with a fresh access of religious zeal. On the evening of his arrival he again spoke to his brother, this time with more anger, as to the disgrace he was, through Luksmee, bringing on his family, and declared he would bear it no longer. Driven to desperation the Rajah summoned his daughter and told her as gently as he could that she had been cursed of the gods from her birth, that for her the joys of love and home could never be, and that the strictest precepts of their religion ordained that she must henceforth live amongst her kindred as that despised out-caste, a Brahmin widow. Stunned by the revelation at first his words seemed to her as empty sounds. She could not realize their meaning, or why her loving, gentle father should thus speak to her. Then before her mind's eye rose visions of the Brahmin widows she had seen, clothed in rags, neglected, and despised. But they were old. The joy of their lives had passed away at the death of their husbands, and she could not in any way connect her fate with theirs. How was she to mourn for a child husband she had never known? And she was so young, and her life so bright! Must all this brightness suddenly come to an end? No! it could not be. She must be going mad to think it. She raised her eyes to her father's face, and saw him gazing on her as if his heart would break; she then quietly left the hall without a word. Entering her mother's apartment she threw herself on the ground at her feet, and midst paroxysms of weeping begged of her to tell her if what she had heard were indeed true.

* * *

There was now no escape. The day was fixed for the performance of the ceremonies that were to consign her to life worse than death. Luksmee, with a fatalism that seems common amongst the women of the East, never resisted. Not so however Govind. Educated and enlightened beyond his time and years, he could not, and would not see that any had the right to consign to such a fate one he so dearly loved, and he determined she should not be given up without a struggle. He went to Ravi, and with the passionate pleadings of love and youth begged the degradation should be spared her, but no pleadings could move the stoney heart of the fanatic. He then sought Luksmee, and for the first time told her of his love. Poor girl, this was all that was needed to make her face unendurable. She then knew that she loved him with a undying love and that death itself would be easier than separation from him. But what were they to do? By the laws of their religion it was decreed that to them such love was sin, and even were it not forbidden by the Vedas and Shastras as some few had dared to think, how could Govind dare to break his caste and become an out-caste among his people? He, a Brahmin, marry a widow! such a thing was unheard of. But Govind's love was strong enough for even that, and his arguments soon convinced Luksmee that the utter misery of two of his creatures could not be pleasing to the Creator. Among the slaves in the Rajah's household was a Mahomedan, who had travelled much in his youth, Seyd Ahmed by name. To him, Govind had been always strongly attracted, and many an hour had he spent listening to his tales of other lands. The idea now took possession of him that with this man's aid he could escape with Luksmee to some distant land, where the bondage of caste was unknown and these make her his wife. He told her his plan, and it was agreed that on the third night from then, the night before the day on which she was to be deprived of her beautiful hair and consigned to a living death, they would make their escape in disguise provided by Syed Ahmed for the purpose. But alas! for their plans. Among the women of the Ranee's household was a slave girl who had long loved Govind with a hopeless love. She knew his whole heart was Luksmee's, and it was with feelings of joy she looked forward to the performance of the ceremonies that would place a barrier between them for ever, and gloated over the misery so plainly depicted in her rival's face. When she saw that look of misery pass away and a ray of hope settle there she guessed that the lovers had planned some means of escape, and watched Govind closely, so as if possible to discover it. She saw him one night approach the place where Syed Ahmed was lying, and following him softly listened to what he said. Filled with jealous hate she sought Ravi and told him of her discovery. The eventful night arrived. By the aid of Syed Ahmed the guard had been largely bribed and everything was in readiness for their flight. Fleet Arab steeds were awaiting them outside the fort to carry them away and they hoped before morning to be beyond the reach of pursuers. * * * * Ravi concealed himself behind one of the columns in that large hall, and plunged a dagger in Govind's heart as he passed. He fell to the ground his blood gushing out from the wound. You can see the stains there still—Luksmee uttered a piercing scream and threw herself on the lifeless body. Then, after a moment, raising herself to her full height, she called on the gods to aid her in avenging her lover's death. "That they cannot do, for you will follow him," cried the priest and plucking the dagger from the still warm corpse he buried it in her side. She drew it out, looked at it stained with her life blood and waving it in the air implored Heaven to permit her living or dead to see her lover avenged. Then murmuring "Govind I follow you," she fell across him dead. Ravi left the hall, and when in the morning the corpses were discovered was loudest in his lamentations over the brutal crime. The slave girl was the only one who could have given a clue to the perpetrator of the deed, and she was silent till after Ravi's death. The murder still remains unavenged, and the people say it is Luksmee that wakens each sleeper with a gentle touch to come to her aid. Immediately after the murder the gods disappeared mysteriously from the shrine, and were only found years after in a cave some fifteen miles away where a temple has since been built. Misfortune after misfortune overtook the family of the Rajah, and in less than ten years not one was left. The priest died a horrible and lingering death. The palace has been ever since deserted, and except stray travellers like yourselves no one enters it. Such is my tale."

We asked him why no one told us before of its evil repute, and he told us the villagers had heard that Englishmen feared neither god nor devil, so they knew no warning would deter us from going there! Perhaps he was right, but we were not sorry to leave the uncanny, haunted spot.

"MERLIN."

PASSENGERS BY THE HOMEWARD MAIL.

THE P. and O. Co.'s s. s. Siam, Captain H. T. Weighell, will sail to-day for London, Brindisi, Marseilles, Port Said, Suez, and Aden, with the Europe mails and the following passengers:—

FOR LONDON.

Two Misses Storm and maid
Mr Samuel Hoare and two Misses Hoare
Sir F and Lady Edwardes
Lakhmidas Sahin
Mr James Carroll
Mr P Steel
Mr Gill
Mr Cole
Mr and Mrs Robt Miller
Miss Guiness
Mr V Phelips
Mr Bexfield
Miss S Kewos
Mr and Mrs Eaton
Mr J C Stewart
Mrs Kerrich
Mr F C Allen
Mrs Lethuridge and infant

FOR BRINDISI.

Mr Brittain
Mr Middleton
Mr Falle
Mr Hewson
Mr C Lonsdale
Mr Hr M Jones
Miss Alexander
Mr C W E Montgomery
Mr and Mrs Gregory and infant
Mr E Carpenter
Mr Muurling

FOR MARSEILLES.

Mr and Mrs Stuart
Mr D R Lyall
Mrs Osburn and child
Mr John Beames
Miss Elliott
Mrs Dunlop
Mrs Molesworth and infant
Venble Archdeacon Lewis
Mr and Mrs Jones Bateman and infant
Mr R J Horsford
Captain and Mrs Petley
Mrs Shaw
Mr E Dane
Miss Pininger
Mr H S Spencer
Mr Lord
Mr E Stutz
Mr H S Ashton
Mr J H Roberts
Miss Hall
Mr Geo Cheetham
Miss Cheetham

FOR MALTA—Mrs and Miss Delafield and maid.

FOR ADEN.

H E General Sir Geo Greaves
General Gatacre
Col G C Hogg
Colonel Greig
Major Spratt
Captain Peyton, A-D-C
Mrs Davidson and children.

The following passages have been engaged:—

For s. s. Peshawur, Captain W. A. Wheeler, on 14th March 1891.

FOR LONDON—Mr F Cockerton, Mr and Mrs J W Stocks, Mrs Ismay, Mr J E Ollivant, Mr Macdonald and two children, Miss Macdonald, Mrs Noble, three children and infant, Rev and Mrs A H J Britain, Miss Young, Mr and Mrs H P Gill, two infants and nurse, Mrs Evans, two infants, European nurse and ayah, Major and Mrs Montagu Carew, Mrs Hall and child, Mr and Mrs M Kennedy, two children and infant, Mr and Mrs F V Horaby, Mrs Turnbull, Mrs Storey and child, Master Prideaux and governess, Mrs P D Wilson and child, two Misters, Miss Walton, Master Pitt, Mr and Mrs Abbott and infant, Miss Abbott, Dr and two Misses Moore, Miss De Vine, Miss Harvey, Mr Tenty and Family, Mrs Henderson and child, Mrs Holland, Mr Longwarth, Mr Arundell, Mr Evan Jack, Mr Sidney Stock, Miss Mills, Dr J Cushing, Mr Tuddis, Mr R Brooks, Mr E H Gregory, Mr Pullar, Mr and Mrs Tatton Sir Tatton and Lady Sykes, and Mr Bradford.

FOR PORT SAID—Rev and Mrs W Haslam.

FOR ISMAILIA—Mr and Mrs McCaw, Mr and Mrs Whitcombe and Mr Victor A Williamson.

For s.s. Assam, Captain W. J. Webber, on 21st March 1891.

FOR LONDON—Mr Barnes, Brigade-Surgeon Welch, Mrs Fogherton and infant, and Mr Monie.

FOR BRINDISI—Mr J Thomson and valet, Hon and Mrs Hewitt, Major Campbell, and Mrs Alexander.

FOR MARSEILLES—Mr and Mrs J Sherston, Captain Reid, and Dr Evans.

FOR VENICE—Miss Dundas and maid and Miss Reeves.

THE House of Commons has not yet (according to the London correspondent of the *Birmingham Post*) heard the last of the unreported inquest upon the Duke of Bedford. Mr. Cobb continues to collect evidence bearing upon Coroner Troutbeck's statement to the Home Secretary, and he intends, if further questioning fails, to raise the whole matter on the estimates by moving the reduction of Mr. Matthews' salary.

NOTES ON THE DOCKS OF BOMBAY.

FROM their first connection with the island the wide range of its tides impressed the English with the suitableness of Bombay Harbour as a place for docks. In August and September, 1665, despatches from the Court of Directors in London and from Governor Sir Gerard Aungier in Bombay crossed each other, enforcing the advantages of a mole and dry dock for Bombay. In 1670, the Court of Directors ordered the making of docks and sent to Bombay Warwick Pett, one of the Pett family of famous ship-builders, to construct two vessels for the defence of the island and to instruct the natives in the art of ship-building. Nothing seems to have come of this first attempt. In 1735 the distinguished sailor Sir John Wyborne, Deputy Governor of Bombay, suggested the building of a dry dock.—"All ships in these seas when they know of a dock where they can lie securely will come to clean and repair. Had there been a dock the ship Ffalcon had not left her bones here. We can only say it will be a necessary, profitable work when done." In their Bombay despatch for 1689-90, the Court of Directors ordered the Honourable Bartholomew Harris, Governor of Bombay (1690—1694) to complete a dry dock in Bombay, that it might become a safe retreat to English shipping. Large quantities of iron work were sent for building and repairing vessels. But in those the darkest of dark end-of-century days nothing was done. Between 1704 and 1707, under Sir Nicholas Waite, the "wretched arrangements" hitherto deemed sufficient for repairing ships are said to have been somewhat improved. In 1735, with the help of Mr. Dudley, Master Attendant, and of Lowjee Nasarwanjee, the famous Parsi shipbuilder or Wadia, from Surat, Government started a ship-building yard at Bombay. Till 1743 the only dry dock was a mud basin in and out of which the tide flowed at will. This mud basin was probably pretty near the centre of the present Government Dockyard. On the 3rd January, 1743, when the Honourable W. Wake was Governor, the following resolution was recorded:—"Considering that a dry dock at this place capable of receiving a ship of 50 guns (that is of about 500 tons) would be extremely useful for cleaning or repairing ships belonging to the Honourable Company or to private traders, and thereby bring many advantages to the island, particularly in respect to trade and most branches of the revenue, the charge of which by computation would not exceed Rs. 5,000, and which would be soon reimbursed by collecting a duty (not yet agreed upon) on all ships that make use of it. Of all which the board being very sensible, and likewise well assured there are many private persons who would gladly take it on themselves for the advantage, it is agreed that the same be undertaken on the Honourable Company's account, borrowing money of the Bank for the amount for which a distinct head is to be kept on the General Books. Directed, therefore, that such timber and planks as may be wanted for the gates of the dock be indented for to Tellichery."

Apparently the site of the mud basin was chosen for the new dock. The work was pushed so briskly that on the 3rd of July 1750 this entry appears:—

"The dry dock, ordered to be set about at the presidency, being finished, the rates to be paid for all ships and vessels that go into it are now settled, viz., Rs. 150 for the first spring and Rs. 100 for every spring they remain in afterwards."

On the 23rd January, 1751, when the Honourable R. Bourchier was Governor, it was judged if the heads of the dry dock were carried a little further out it would not only be more commodious, but by means of the tides carrying off the filth which at present settles in it, and as the same may be done for a small expense, it is agreed that it be set about and finished as speedily as possible. This 1750 dock is the Upper Old Bombay Dock, 209 feet long, 47 feet broad, and 15 feet deep. It forms the inmost or west-most section of the southern of the two lines of docks which lie parallel to each other, about north-east and south-west, near the centre of the Government Dockyard. This dock proved so great a success that in 1754 the Superintendent of Marine suggested the building of a second dock outside of and in the same line as the 1750 dock. In 1756, while the work was in progress, Captain Pearce, of the ship Edgecote, asked that the dam in front of the dock might be broken and his ship be allowed to pass in. On Captain Pearce agreeing to bear the expenses of pulling down the dam and any extraordinary expense Government might be put to for want thereof till the sock gates were fixed, his ship was allowed to enter. Captain Pearce's Bill, which he afterwards tried to repudiate, was Rs. 65,161-69. In 1762, on the 10th and 11th June, Admiral Cornish wrote from Trincomali urging the completion of the outer dock before the return of the squadron. The dock was of the utmost consequences. It was the only means of preserving the two capital ships of the squadron. On the 21st July 1762 the Honourable Charles Crommelin being Governor, the Board resolved: "The outer dock has been carrying on as fast as the tides would admit of working upon ever since the Admiral recommended its being completed and not a moment's time will be lost in finishing it." This dock, which seems to have been completed before the close of 1762 and still shows signs of somewhat rough and hurried workmanship, is the Middle Old Bombay Dock, 154 feet long, 51 broad, and 20 deep. The cost of this dock is said to have been Rs. 12,000. Outside of this second dock and in the same line a third dock seems to have been almost at once started. On the 23rd July, 1765, when the Honourable Charles Crommelin was Governor, the following entry of rare cheerfulness occurs: "Our treasury being now pretty strong and the third dry dock nearly completed, the same is ordered to be continued and finished as soon as possible." This is the Lower Old Bombay Dock, 256 feet long, 51 broad and 20 deep.

For the next forty years this line of three docks, one within the other, was the boast of Bombay and the wonder of travellers. Even the single original dock astonished Grose in 1750 and Ives in 1754. In 1763, before the third dock was finished, the German traveller Niebuhr wrote: "Among the large number of good arrangements made by the English in Bombay for trade and shipping the dock is much the most considerable and important. The work is partly rock cut, partly of cut-stone. Two ships can be careened at a time and a third basin is preparing. The work, though costly, brings a considerable return. Strangers pay very dear for liberty to careen in these basins. When I was in Bombay I saw a ship of war belonging to the Imam of Sana which he had sent to Bombay solely on purpose to be refitted." In August 1775 the traveller Parsons wrote: "Bombay boasts such a dry dock as perhaps is not to be seen in any part of Europe, either for size or convenient station. It has three divisions and three pairs of strong gates so as to be capable of receiving and repairing three ships of the line at one time as the outermost ship can warp out and another be admitted in her place every spring tide without any interruption of the work doing to the second and innermost ships; or both the outermost and the second ship can go out and two others be received in their places without hindrance to the workmen employed on the third or innermost ship. In 1776 Forbes mentions the three excellent docks. And in the beginning of the present century the docks are described as "scarcely equalled for size or convenience." So popular were the docks that it had been found possible to raise the original modest Rs. 150 and Rs. 100 to Rs. 450 and Rs. 350 in the case of English, and Rs. 600 and Rs. 500 in the case of foreign ships.

In June 1782, when the Honourable William Hornby was Governor, the Admiral asked that either new docks should be made or the old docks should be changed. The Board decided that the old docks could not be changed. They thought as the rise and fall of the tide was greater there than in the dockyard, Bombay's Island was the best place for a dry dock. Estimates were called for and submitted in Plans and 1782. No further action seems to have November, [redacted] in August, 1804, at the request of his been taken, th[redacted]rs, the Court of Directors urged the Majesty's Minis[redacted]ent to arrange for the construction Bombay Governm[redacted] war. Colaba and Butcher's Island of a 74-gun man

NEWS OF THE DAY.

To many who propose to visit Kashmir during the coming season, the news of the closing of the Gilgit Road will come as a disappointment. Officers and visitors are warned that, unless they are travelling on duty, they will be turned back by the Kashmir authorities should they attempt to pass Bandipura.

THE *Deccan Times* writes :—It is with the very greatest regret that we have to announce the death early on Tuesday morning of Miss Ida FitzPatrick, the third daughter of Sir Dennis FitzPatrick. We do not wish to intrude with phrases into the sacred circle of the sorrowing family, but the universal feeling is one of deep sympathy and to this we give expression. The funeral took place in the evening of Tuesday, and was strictly private. The cause of death was typhoid fever.

THE Sibi annual horse show, which has now come to be about the most important event of its kind, has just concluded, and appears to have been an unqualified success. Remounts of an aggregate value of Rs. 23,000 were purchased by the Government officers. The show of bullocks was also excellent. The Remount Agent highly approved of the young stock and brood mares, which he said were the finest he had seen in India. There were over 1900 entries in all.

THE Kuch Behar party had a good day's sport on the 1st instant, bagging a fine full rhino, measuring eighteen hands at the shoulder. A bear and some deer were also shot. The camp moved yesterday about five miles northwards. Captain Harbord, Major Vere and Mr. Cumberlege arrived on the 1st instant.

LAST year Sambalpur was transferred from Madras to the Nagpur District of the Bombay Army, but it still continued to be garrisoned by Madras troops. The wing of the 27th Madras Infantry, at present stationed there, has just been ordered to Cuttack, and the Government of India has approved of Sambalpur being in future garrisoned by Bombay troops. The 2nd Madras Lancers are now at Kamptee in the Nagpur District, and this Regiment is to be found in the Bombay Army list, amongst the Bombay Cavalry Regiments.

SIR AKBAR JAH, the Prime Minister, has left Hyderabad for Ajmere on a pilgrimage to the holy shrine there, and will be absent from Hyderabad for about three weeks. It is believed that the Resident will go to one of the hill stations for two months during the hot weather.

MR. MACKENZIE has fallen foul of the majority of the Rangoon Municipality about the lodging house rules, says a local correspondent. At the recent meeting it was resolved to re-submit for his sanction a set of rules which Sir Charles Crosthwaite declined to sanction. Mr. Mackenzie says no attempt has been made to meet the objections pointed out by Sir Charles Crosthwaite. Mr. Mackenzie feels bound to remark that he has never seen the suggestions and criticisms of Provincial Governments treated with such scant courtesy and consideration as Sir Charles Crosthwaite's orders in the matter of the present condition of Rangoon. He says it is deplorable, and there can be no hope of progress when well-considered criticisms on badly shaped and manifestly imperfect set of rules are kept pending for months and then brushed aside without an answer. The municipal authorities say the present epidemic of small-pox originated in the lodging houses.

H. E. the Viceroy Li Hung-chang has issued the following stringent proclamation promulgating the punishment of thieves tampering with the telegraph lines. The telegraph line lying between Tientain and different camps has often been tampered with by pretty thieves. This line was constructed for the convenience and use of the Generals of different camps. Recently a portion of the wire near the Lu-tai station was stolen. In order to prevent further mischief by thieves, H.E. has issued this proclamation notifying the Generals of the camps and the officials in charge of the lines to send out frequently soldiers and men to watch the line. If any one is caught tampering with the line in any way, let martial law be administered to him to make him an example. Nothing but severe punishment will check this sort of crime. Let all who are concerned take heed of this important proclamation and be faithful in discharging their respective duties. Vigilant watching is required.

THERE is sore tribulation in Ceylon just now concerning the projected increase in the military contribution of the island. A telegraphic despatch has been received from the Home authorities to the effect that the present contribution of £70,000 will be increased by £10,000 per annum during the next three years—a very heavy addition to the financial burden of the island, and especially serious at present, when the repeal of the paddy tax threatens to become a burning question. The Ceylon Government is therefore confronted not only with the possibility of a serious loss of revenue, but with the certainty of a large increase in expenditure, and the double difficulty has given rise to something approaching very closely to alarm in the Colony.

THE Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* had a visit from an Indian Civil Servant, who in referring to the Russian Princes' tour in India says : "they have been a cause of endless trouble to the authorities. Everywhere advices have been received from St. Petersburg that Nihilists were on their proposed route, and some desperate ones among them. There were many Russians and Poles watching for the arrival of the Princes. One day a messenger with despatches, who was just in time, as the Czarwitch was about to enter a railway carriage, rushed up to it. There being a suspicion that his despatch-box contained a bomb, he was promptly knocked down and then hauled off to a guard-room to be searched."

ACCORDING to the official report the landslips which occurred about the end of last month on the Sind Peshin Railway in the neighbourhood of Mudgorge station were even more serious than was at first thought. About five hundred feet of hillside came down, filling up a cutting with mud and bolders. Some thousand feet of railway were obliterated, and pushed three hundred feet out of line. At present the engineer in charge estimates that it will need a month to restore the line, but if the rains continue the work will take much longer, and further slips are to be expected. With favourable weather it is hoped that it will be found possible to construct a line for temporary use.

THE outskirts of Peking are infested with robbers and thieves. The city police have their hands full of robbery cases, and the jail is full. Very stringent orders have been issued by the Metropolitan Police Commissioner to the force for guarding the city. The inhabitants of the small hamlet, situated outside of the Yu-an Men called Fan-chia Ch'eng, have become robbers and thieves. Robbery by mounted highwaymen in or about the capital until recently was unknown. Three of them attacked a cart containing a woman and the driver, both of whom were murdered in cold blood. The culprits, however, were captured a few days afterwards, and met their deserts by losing their heads. Armed robbers are numerous, and travelling by night in some places is rendered almost impossible.

LORD REVELSTOKE no longer acts as a director of the Bank of England. The qualification of a director is £2,000 stock, a security which is just now worth £6,600. But as the assests of the partners in the liquidating firm of Baring Brothers and Co. were pledged to the guarantors, the late head of that firm has ceased to hold the necessary qualification, and is therefore not entitled to a voice in the councils of the Bank. It does not appear that any public steps were taken to exclude Lord Revelstoke from future meetings of directors of this institution, and he has throughout acted so honourably, that nobody would dream of putting a slight upon him.

AN Italian newspaper correspondent in Buenos Ayres, being on the point of publishing a comic journal in Spanish and Italian, advertised it in the following manner :—"The President of the Society of Merrymen has declared that he will be assassinated by ennui if the periodical *El Coco* be not published on such and such a date." The words "The President" "will be assassinated" and the date were printed in large characters. The President of the Republic (then Pellegrini) saw the advertisement, and immediately ordered the arrest of the bill-stickers, and of the Editor of the journal, who was submitted to a severe examination, and has been imprisoned for nineteen days. Seven other arrests were afterwards made without any result as to the supposed conspiracy, and when the Editor believed he was about to be set free, he was transferred to prison. In order to obtain temporary liberation he had to pay a large sum, and at present a trial is pending for a crime he never committed.

ITALY holds the evil pre-eminence in mortality from malaria fevers and small-pox, Austria and France coming next ; but Italy can boast of the lowest average of deaths from general tuberculosis and from drink. Of accidental deaths, Italy has fewer than England and Switzerland, and has far fewer from suicide than Germany, Switzerland, Austria, Belgium, and England. On the other hand it is Italy's misfortune that she has the largest number of homicides. From 1876 to 1883 there was no capital punishment in Italy ; in 1884 three soldiers were executed, and in 1885 two. The highest number of accidental deaths occurred in 1883, when the earthquake in Casamicciola happened, killing in all the island of Ischia 1,890 persons. Excluding suicides the accidental deaths in Italy in 1888 were 12,946. In the same year 1 3 men and 66 women are reported to have died in Italy of cold.

THE PORTUGUESE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

A THANKSGIVING service for the safe arrival of General Da Cunha, the new Governor-General of Portuguese-India, was held in the Dabul Church, on Thursday evening. The Girgaum Road from Chira Bazar was lined with Goanas and the lane leading to the church was overcrowded. At the entrance a large arch was erected and illuminated with coloured lanterns. A large number of flags and banners were flying in the street, which was lighted with pyramids of butties, and a row of lights running on both sides of the lane. On arrival at Dabul the band played the National Anthem and the gubernatorial party was greeted with vociferous *vivas*. The Governor-General and the Bishop of Damaun were received by the Rev. Vicar and many other priests, and were conducted under a *palium* through the files of confraternities to a small but sumptuous pavilion. Dr. Da Gama then read the following address :—

If at all times the arrival at this city of a new Governor-General of Goa had been a motive of intimate satisfaction to the Portuguese community, because each one always brought with it an ardent hope of a new era of happiness and prosperity for our dear country, Although very often not realised, the arrival of your Excellency could not but have made the hearts of all of us palpitate with extraordinary rejoicing ; for a Governor-General never came, whose arrival was so earnestly prayed for, and so anxiously expected. Never before, Sir, the state of Portuguese-India supplicated for a Governor crying for help, and never, above all, this community was the echo and the bearer of more just and afflictive supplications. This most natural anxiety, accompanied by a justifiable hope which is afforded by the honourable precedents of your Excellency's public life, and the very choice made by so remarkable a Minister under such critical circumstances, explain this tumult of enthusiasm with which every son of unhappy Goa approach to greet your Excellency as your landing at this city, where there beat so many Indo-Portuguese hearts. This community, most excellent Sir, is completely alien to the parties of Goa, but taken by surprise and pain by the terrible events of the memorable day of 21st September last, which are not unknown to your Excellency, and sharing in the sorrow of their countrymen, had recourse with well-founded confidence to the Government of his Most Faithful Majesty, and had the satisfaction to see their humble prayers attended to, in a question which ceased to be of a party to all those who are lovers of truth and justice. Goa, Sir, still now is the same strip of country which at other time was the Queen of the East, and with the fertility of the soil which abounds in mineral and vegetable riches, with its people the most peaceful and well-behaved in the world, with its children, so loyal to their Sovereigns, as they are jealous of the rights which the generous and magnanimous Portuguese nation has conferred on them. Their ambition is only to raise themselves by work and industry to a level to which they have the incontestible right. Our native country only needs a good administration of justice, and a paternal solicitude of the Government, that new fields for their activity may be opened introducing new industries, fomenting the commerce, and improving and amplifying the public instruction. All this, Sir, the country expects from your Excellency, after re-establishing the order which suffered alteration at an ill hour. The committee appointed by the Portuguese community of this city at their meeting of 24th September last, beg leave to approach your Excellency in the name of those that are present here, as also in that of the twenty-five groups of Goans scattered all over the British Empire, viz., Poona, Karachi, Lahore, Sukkur, Kozri, Ahmedabad, Sholapore, Nagpur, Lanowli, Belgaum, Ajmere, Ahmednagar, Bijapur, Aden, Mount Abu, Zanzibar, Budneira, Mhow, Indore, Futtehbad, Khundwah, Mamnad, Igutpuri, Matheran, and Sheagaon, to congratulate ourselves more than your Excellency for your nomination to the high post of the Governor-General of Portuguese-India, and pray to your Excellency to come and hear the sincere prayers which all offered to the Almighty for your safe and sound arrival in this country, and to mix up your prayers with ours for the maintenance, greatness, and tranquillity of the Portuguese monarchy, for the health and prosperity of the sympathetic Royal Family, for the wise Ministers of his Majesty, and for all the brave and noble people of Portugal, to whom in the presence of your Excellency, we give them in spirit a fraternal embrace, because their glories and their misfortunes always thrilled with joy or with pain the brotherly heart of the people of Portuguese-India. Please accept, your Excellency in your liberal spirit, already tempered in political life, the ardent hopes which we have come to deposit into your hands, and may God be pleased to fan it with the vivifying breath of his grace, that what we now aspire for may be brought to us as an agreeable reality for the glory of the nation to which we are proud to belong, for the happiness of Goa, our dear native land, and, lastly, for the renown of your Excellency, who is going to govern it.

His Excellency replied that he was greatly thankful for the splendid reception he received from the Portuguese community that evening. The post of the Governor-General had more than once been offered to him, and though he knew it was an important post, he was obliged to decline it ; but on the present occasion he could not do the same. From the time he came in contact with the Goans in Macau and Mozambique he has invariably borne a special affection towards them, which, together with the critical circumstances through which the country was passing, made him at once to resolve upon his future movements. When he left Lisbon he pledged himself to a duty which no obstacle will shirk him from carrying it out, though it may cost him the sacrifice of his life. He was determined to place the administration of the country at its logical level, and would bestow his earnest attention to the claims of the children of the soil. He would try his best to be just and impartial in his administration, not minding who benefited by it, and he expected the help from above to enable him to perform his duties unflinchingly. It was his earnest desire to see Goans scattered all over the British Empire to be happy and prosperous, and always preserving that band of unity, and a feeling of patriotism towards their native band. The inborn love he has invariably manifested to the natives of Goa since he came in contact with them was a guarantee that his administration would work in sympathy with their reasonable aspirations, and never for a moment he would forget the justice due to even his meanest subject. At the conclusion *vivas* were raised for his Excellency the Governor-General, the King of Portugal, and the Bishop of Damaun, and his Excellency responded by raising another one for the Portuguese community in Bombay.

The party then proceeded to the church, where a *Te Deum* was sung, and the Bishop gave the benediction of the Blessed Sacrament. At the close of the service the Bishop addressed the congregation telling them that the Governor-General was known to him personally, and he could vouch for his excellent qualities of mind and heart, but what more inspired him with his future administration was the religious faith he in confidence carried with him, and that God never abandoned those who placed their confidence in Him. The party then adjourned to the parochial hall, where the Portuguese Consul-General said that a better man than General Da Cunha could not have been entrusted with the Government of Goa under the trying circumstances. He knew the General who was noble and generous, and possessed a firm will which would help him to put down any disorder that may be found in that country. Refreshments were served and the party left the premises accompanied by the band and the *vivas* of a large multitude who had remained there until his Excellency's departure.

His Excellency the Governor-General of Goa, accompanied by his wife, daughters, the two Aides-de-Camp, the Portuguese Consul-General, and Mr. Roque Constancio da Costa paid a visit yesterday morning to the Instituto Luso-Indiano and were received by Dr. da Gama, Dr. Fernandes, and several members of the Instituto. His Excellency went over the library and evinced much interest in the institution, offering to enlist himself as a member of the Instituto. In the evening the same party paid a visit to Dr. Da Gama at his house at Khoja Mohollah. His Excellency will leave Bombay this morning at half-past eight from the Apollo Bunder by the Portuguese gunboat Rio Lima, which has been waiting here to take his Excellency to Goa.

In accordance with previous appointment, a deputation composed of the following gentlemen, Senhor Comendador Miguel de Quadros, Dr. J. V. Coutinho, and Senhor Julio Ribeiro, B.A., waited on his Excellency the new Governor-General of Goa, Senhor Conselheiro Francisco Maria da Cunha, on behalf of the Municipal Corporation of Salsette, Goa, on Thursday last, at 2 p.m. The members having been introduced to his Excellency by the Consul-General for Portugal, Senhor Quadros, read an address, which was most attentively listened to by his Excellency, who in reply thanked the members of the deputation for their courtesy and expressions of good-will towards him, and begged of them to convey to the members of the Corporation of Goa his assurance that the various suggestions and matters contained in the address would receive his careful consideration, and that he would try to do his best for the prosperity of the colony, the government of which had been entrusted to him by his Most Faithful Majesty. After a little conversation, the deputation took leave of his Excellency.

THE BOMBAY BOILER INSPECTION ACT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—I fear I must trouble you to correct certain inaccuracies that appear to have crept into your report of my few remarks at the meeting of the Legislative Council on Wednesday last. In the first sentence I said I was interested in *marine* boilers as distinguished from *land* boilers. My second sentence ended with the words " some modifications of course," and the phrase following these should have referred to the amendments suggested by the Hon. Mr. Wadia. Then, leaving minor omissions aside, I come to the last sentence but one, which refers to the appointment of, and commission for hearing appeals under section 5 of the Bill. What I suggested was that an *unofficial* member should be nominated to serve on the commission, and whilst he would assist the other possibly *official* members thereof in their deliberations his appointment will also " be acceptable to the business-men concerned."—Yours, &c.,

FAZULBHOY VISRAM.

March 6.

The Ruskin Reading Guild, which has now changed its name to the Reading Guild, is gradually extending its operations, and now consists of ten branches, five of which are in Scotland. The object of the society appears to be mainly to form home reading circles for the study of special authors or special subjects, each circle being conducted by a leader, who will presumably give advice and criticise essays and papers submitted to him by the members.

A FATAL RAILWAY ACCIDENT.

YESTERDAY morning Dr. Thomas Blaney, the Coroner, held an inquest on the body of a European named Frank Crawshaw, who was killed by a shunting train whilst endeavouring to cross the railway line at the Elphinstone Road level-crossing, at the Elphinstone Road Station, when the following evidence was recorded :—

Albert Sawyer deposed—I am a foreman fitter in the Parel workshop of the G. I. P. Railway, and live at Parel. I knew the deceased, who was a tinsmith in my workshop. His age was 38 years. He lived alone at Parel. It being his birth-day yesterday, he invited my wife and me to dinner, and we went to his bungalow at 6-30 p.m. We had dinner, and left the house about 8-30 p.m. The deceased came out with us. He had two pegs of whisky, one before dinner and one at dinner, but he was quite sober and steady. He walked with us as far as the Elphinstone-road, when he said he would go to the Co-operative Stores. When I got near my own bungalow I bade him a " good night," and he proceeded straight on towards Byculla. At 11 o'clock, or thereabouts, Mr. Harrison called at my bungalow, and informed me that the deceased had been run over by a train at the Elphinstone-road crossing of the B. B. and C. I. Railway. I immediately went there with Mr. Harrison, when I saw the body of the deceased lying near the gateman's cabin. The lower part of the body was crushed. Deceased was in the habit of going over the crossing daily. He was rather deaf, but his sight was pretty fair. I do not think he knew the time the trains passed the crossing.

Mr. Peter Harrison said.—I am card and spinning manager of the Dhun and Wadia Mills, and live at DeLisle-road, Parel. About 7 p.m. yesterday, my brother, my son, and myself went out for a walk on DeLisle road. We came past the bungalow of the deceased on the Elphinstone-road. I looked into the bungalow, and saw the first witness and his wife with the deceased. Seeing the deceased had company I did not carry out my intention of visiting him. I then went to the Co-operative Stores to order some grass and stayed there about twenty minutes. The Co-operative Stores are on the Parel-road, opposite the G. I. P. Railway building. While we were at the Stores the deceased came in. He said it was his birth-day. He seemed to be sober and in very good spirits, and wanted to treat us all to a drink. I said I would treat him, and he called for a peg of whisky and drank it. He then ordered another, and drank half of it. The proprietor of the stores then offered me his gharry to go home, and I, the deceased, my brother, and my son got into it, and drove to the level-crossing of the G. I. P. Railway at the Parel station. The gates were shut, and we all got out of the gharry and went through the turnstile to inquire for the train on the B. B. and C. I. Railway, by which my son wished to go to Grant-road. We found that a train had just gone, and we went back to the G. I. P. Railway crossing to inquire for a train there. The deceased left us between the two level-crossings, apparently intending to go home ; but he had not wished us " good night," as he expected we would call at his bungalow, on our way home. About six minutes afterwards I saw him on the western side of the B. B. and C. I. Railway crossing, and recognised him by his cap. He remained between the two crossings, and in a few minutes I said to my brother, " Crawshaw has gone home." Just as I said that, I heard the deceased crying out, at the top of his voice " All right ; shallaw," (Go on). As that time a train was moving to the north, and deceased appeared to be addressing somebody in the train, which was shunting and moving very slowly. I heard no more of him for about fifteen minutes, but when I was preparing to pass between two wagons that had been detached, I saw the deceased under one of them, and saw Mr. Ferguson lifting him. Both his thighs were crushed. There was only one man at the gates of the level-crossing, and he was on the western gate. I saw the deceased under the wagon at about 9-45 p.m. I did not hear the gate-man call out to the deceased. The deceased was rather deaf and very near-sighted, and I have seen him crossing in front of a train, when I would not have crossed. This might have been on account of his defective hearing or defective sight. I do not say the deceased was drunk, nor do I say that he was sober ; but he was in a condition to take care of himself but for his sight.

James Ferguson said.—I am Sergeant-instructor of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company Volunteers, and live on Elphinstone-road, in the next house to that occupied by the deceased. I knew the deceased very well. I saw him about 5-15 p.m. yesterday returning home from his work. He was then sober. About five minutes past ten my servant came and told me that a man had been run over at the level-crossing near my bungalow. I at once went there, and saw the deceased lying between the two rails of the up-line ; his legs were outside the inner rail. The wheel of a wagon was up against his leg. He was lying underneath the centre of a wagon. The train was not moving. Both thighs of the deceased were cut across. He was alive and sensible, and as soon as he saw me he said, " For God's sake, Ferguson, save me," I asked him how he felt under the wagon, but he only repeated his first expression. I got the wagons unhooked, and backed one of them so that I could remove him. I then carried him outside, intending to take him to the General Hospital. A gharry that was outside the gate was not long enough for the purpose. I went with it to the Co-operative Stores and brought a large one. When I got back the deceased was dead. He lost a lot of blood.

Sandoo Marro said.—I am a shunting muccadum on the B. B. and C. I. Railway. About 10-30 p.m. yesterday, I was standing near the cabin at the Elphinstone level-crossing signalling to the driver of a shunting train. The train was shunted from the junction to the main line, and pulled up alongside the up-platform of the Elphinstone-road station, when I gave a signal to back the train. As the train was backing I heard the gate-man, who was at the eastern gate, raising an alarm. I gave the " danger signal," and stopped the train. I went forward past two wagons, and then saw the legs of the deceased under the third wagon. The wagon was pushed back, and deceased was removed from the line. His thighs were crushed, and he died immediately. Two men are employed at that level-crossing in the day, and only one at night. I do not know the reason why I did not see the deceased before he was run over.

Ram Savroop said.—I am a pointsman in the B. B and C. I. Railway. At 10-30 p.m. yesterday I was in the cabin alongside the western gate of the level-crossing changing the points for shunting. A train was in No. 1 siding and was shunted on the up-line. It went past the crossing ; the last wagon of the train was in front of the gates. The muccadum then ordered me to change the points and shouted to the driver to back. As soon as the train began to move I heard the gate-man shouting loudly to stop. I gave the red signal to the driver and the train was stopped.

The jury returned a verdict of accidental death, and added that, " the jurors are of opinion that two gate-men should be stationed at this crossing at night as well as in the day."

THE THANNA CULPABLE HOMICIDE CASE.

At the Thanna Sessions yesterday, before Mr. C. E. G. Crawford, Sessions Judge of Thanna, and a jury, Hormusjee Dorabjee Davierwalla, a wealthy Parsee landowner and cultivator, residing in the village of Kavada, was brought up again on a charge of culpable homicide not amounting to murder, and with doing grievous bodily hurt to Deolya Dhangdja, a Hindu labourer in his employ, on the 6th of August last.

Mr. Ramchandra Acharya, Public Prosecutor for the District of Thanna, prosecuted, and Mr. Pherozshaw M. Mehta, barrister-at-law, instructed by Messrs. Narayen Amrit and Laxman Joglekar, pleaders, defended the accused.

On Thursday the case for the prosecution was closed and yesterday Mr. Acharya summed up the case for the prosecution. The learned pleader began by stating the sections of the Criminal Procedure Code under which the accused was charged. Deolya, he said, was one of the dependents of the accused and was not quite in his good graces as he openly expressed his hatred of the accused on account of the intimacy that existed with the accused's wife. The suspicious flight and sudden disappearance of Lakshya, the *karbhari*, an accomplice of the accused, threw a clear light on the case. It was clear that the *karbhari* of the accused thought his case bad, and thought also that his safety depended only in his flight. There was another fact which the learned counsel for the prosecution brought to the particular notice of the court and the jury. Taking advantage of a rumour which was rife when the accused died, viz., that the deceased died from *modshee* or cholera, the defence appeared to make that one of their strongest pleas of defence. They say that the deceased died from cholera and not from any external violence. He would bring only one fact to the notice of the court and the jury. The accused was the richest landed proprietor and the most influential man in the village to which the deceased belonged, and so partly from ignorance and partly from fear of the accused the villagers had been saying that the accused died from cholera. The learned pleader, from the evidence given by Dr. Kirtikar, who was specially brought by the prosecution to clear up the point about the cause of the death of the deceased, said that if a man suffered from *modshee* or even cholera there would be no bleeding from the nose, which would be caused only by some external violence and injury to the lung. Several witnesses had deposed that they had seen black spots on the chest and back of the deceased. These spots were nothing but the marks of the violence used by the accused. The doctor had deposed, and his evidence was of the greatest importance, that such injury as the deceased was said to have received could cause death within twenty-four hours. All the witnesses for the prosecution had given their evidence in a straightforward manner, and there was no cause no doubt their honesty. The learned pleader for the prosecution believed that he had made a clear case against the accused.

Mr. Pherozshaw Mehta then opened the case on behalf of the defence. He said that there were several suspicious points in the evidence adduced by the prosecution. The prosecution had not brought forth a single witness who had actually seen the accused assault the deceased. Several witnesses had deposed that they had heard the deceased crying. Again, several of the witnesses had contradicted their own statements made before the committing magistrate, and this was very suspicious. The learned counsel for the defence then analyzed the evidence adduced on behalf of the prosecution, and pointing out the various discrepancies in it, concluded by saying that the prosecution had utterly failed to make out a case against the accused.

Mr. Pherozshaw Mehta then called Tatia Bhau, the first witness on behalf of the defence. He said that he was a jail-keeper at Thanna. Deolya Bhicaria, brother of the accused, had been thrice convicted before and sentenced to various terms of imprisonment. He produced the jail register in which his name was thrice entered.

The witness was briefly cross-examined by Mr. Acharia and the enquiry was adjourned till to-day.

THE NATIVE PRESS.

THE LEPER ASYLUM.

THE *Kaiser-i-Hind* remarks :—There cannot be the slightest doubt that the Matunga Leper Asylum is an admirable home for the vagrant and unbefriended lepers. We cannot too sufficiently admire the public spirit of Mr. Acworth in the matter of raising the funds, and his wonderful energy in organising the home. It is worth paying a visit. The blocks are well laid out, and so is the garden. Everything that humanity may wish for improving the condition of these lepers has been done. The unfortunates look quite comfortable and happy. And we trust with the additional grant, to which it would be a shame if Government did not contribute anything, which the Corporation has sanctioned, the utility of this new civic charity would be greatly enlarged.

TESTIMONIAL TO SIR GEORGE BIRDWOOD.

The *Gujarat Mitra* states :—The business-like manner in which the friends and admirers of Sir Birdwood set on foot a movement the other day at the Petit office to commemorate the valuable services of the old Anglo-Indian bids fair to be a success. It would be superfluous to add what claims Sir George has on the gratitude of the Bombay public. Though an officer belonging to the medical department, he rendered himself useful in many other directions besides. Thus he exemplified by his own public acts the principle of all human-usefulness apart from professional worth. It is such kinds of professional men, be they doctors, lawyers, engineers, artists or scholars, that India wants for her general advancement. And the services of such men ought to be possibly, if not adequately, appreciated by all who evince an abiding interest in her welfare.

THE ODOURS OF BOMBAY.

Says the *Rast Goftar* :—The lecture delivered by Mr. Wallace, C.E., on the Odours of Bombay at the Mechanics' Institute was very interesting, and was practical in its aim. The odours of Bombay, like the odours of Cologne, is not a pleasant subject to contemplate. A walk through some of the lanes of the native town any morning or evening may convince anyone that, though very pungent and peculiar, the Bombay smells are by no means pleasant. We do not know whether the Health Department does all it can to keep the town clean and sweet ; but granting that it does all it can, the result must necessarily fall far short of what it would be, when the people live in blissful ignorance of the elementary rules of sanitation. The sense of smell among the lower classes of natives is not at all a sensitive organ. A dirty drain or a festering heap of refuse by the side of their habitations causes no shock whatever to their senses. The first essential, therefore, of sanitation is the education of the people, which would educate the senses up to the point of their distinguishing bad smells from good.

THE CENSUS.

Says the *Indu Prakash*:—The census has become a periodical institution of India, recurring every ten years. At each turn its usefulness is getting better appreciated by the people. The operations of the last census, which took place on Thursday, the 26th ultimo, passed off with if possible greater smoothness than on previous occasions. There was no doubt some opposition in some quarters, especially in the slums of the city. The illiterate and the ignorant could not for the life of them divine the cause of the Sircar demanding this sort of information, which their superstition invested with fatal forebodings. The result of the census in Bombay now shows a total population of 804,454 persons, i.e., an increase of about 40,000 over the figures of the last census. The increase is not proportionate to the usual estimated average of one per cent. per year. A contemporary suggests a doubt as to the accuracy of the present returns, and asks that a fresh counting should be made. We doubt if it will be feasible or profitable. Bombay has such a large daily egress and ingress that for its returns of population to be correct the census of all the neighbbouring districts will have to be taken along with that of the city. Besides the census means cessation of all public work for three days. A recounting, therefore, should not be undertaken on mere conjectural grounds.

THE JAHVER BAUG MEETING.

The *Kaiser-i-Hind* says :—Bombay city has all throughout behaved most admirably, and has already elicited the warmest approval of all enlightened people by her sobriety, staidness and sagacity. The Jovahir-mending was a model meeting, of which the most deliberative assembly in any part of the world may be proud. Whether we look to the men of influence and position who took an active part in the proceedings, or to the able speeches made thereat, which reflected all that was best in Hindu intellect, each from his respective point of view, we cannot but admire the organisation and the leaders who carried out the affair. That meeting will be as historical as the great meeting in the Town Hall on the Ilbert Bill agitation. Bombay has thus enhanced her political and social reputation when Calcutta and Poona have allowed themselves to be discredited. It is, indeed, most humiliating to us to have to record this. But we cannot, in the interest of truth, tie our tongue or say less than we have done.

The *Indu Prakash* remarks :—The success of the demonstration at Javor Baug is valuable as much from its extrinsic as from what may be called its physical aspect, as from its intrinsic or intellectual and moral aspect. The numbers who attended the meeting, the perfect order with which the proceedings were carried, and the general striking effect the meeting produced, are facts acknowledged as beyond questi[on] though so[me] reputable prints on the opposit[ion] minimise them. The intellectu[al] speeches, was even more highly succ[ess] altogether form such a valuable body [of] they deserve to be preserved in a mor[e] They state the whole case of the supp[orters] able style, and meet in vigorous langu[age] answerable orgument the various ob[jections] the opponents.

The *Gujarat Darpan* remarks :—[The] Baug meeting, by making plai[n] nents have resorted to, has cut t[he] their feet, so much so that the [effect] of the Bill with the amend[ments] has happened as it was ant[icipated]

The *Dinbandhu* observ[es] have always been credit[ed] temper cool and toleran[t] and unbiassed in the[ir] There was some fear [that] in this respect as [it] was concerned ; b[ut] the Javher Baug[meeting] port of the Age of [Consent] has been maint[ained] speakers, from [Bal Gangadhar Tilak] shankar Yajnik, [Mr. Ranade] best to clear up [the misconception] explain the tr[ue] lation to the [Bill] *dop*. What [is] to do at Mah[abaleshwar] dies again[st] proposed [Bill] less dem[onstrative]

The av[erage] of co[mmon] semb[lage] again[st] arg[ument] car[ried] qua[lity]

The Bill was important as a counter-[demonstration] the Madhaw Baugh demonstration against it. [We] time and patience admitted of a hasty glance through the tremendous report, and it is with sincere pleasure we record our satisfaction that in Bombay there are many Hindoos among the English-knowing, and not a few among those who don't know English, who condemn strongly the insensate clamour against the Bill, and are anxious to save the Shastras from the barbarous interpretations put upon them by their most unkind friends and admirers.

The *Subodha Patrika* discourses :—It is gratifying in the extreme to find that the cause of reason and humanity drew its supporters in thousands to the place of meeting, not a few of whom had to go away for want of room. But quite a large number in all conscience had to stand all the time with outstretched necks and ears to catch all that was being said in support of the Bill. Indeed, the enthusiasm displayed on the occasion was something unique in the history of social reform. Nearly an hour before the appointed time, all the front seats had been occupied. Fresh room was only made for the promoters and leaders by trenching on the very limited space left in the centre of the hall. Even ladies from the neighbouring houses watched the proceedings with interest. But the gathering, crowded as it was, was orderly throughout, and thoroughly amenable to control. It was only natural that those who came to support the cause of reason and humanity should conduct their proceedings in an orderly fashion, widely different from the tumult which characterised the assemblage which met for an opposite object the previous Sunday.

HOMELESS LEPER RELIEF FUND.

THE following subscription paid into the Bank of Bombay is acknowledged with thanks :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
M. F. R.	2	0	0
Total	2	0	0
Amount previously acknowledged	73,737	6	6
Grand total	73,739	6	6

The following additional subscription has been promised (41st list) :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
M. F. R.	2	0	0
Total	2	0	0
Subscriptions already promised	74,637	6	6
Grand total	74,639	6	6

Subscribers are requested to pay the amount of their subscriptions into the Bank of Bombay.

H. A. ACWORTH,
R. M. SAYANI,
HARKISANDAS NAROTAMDAS,
Honorary Secretaries and Treasurers.

Bombay, March 6.

FLORILINE !—FOR THE TEETH AND BREATH.—A few drops of the liquid "Floriline" sprinkled on a wet tooth-brush produces a pleasant lather, which throughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. The "Fragrant Floriline," being composed part of honey and sweet herbs, is delicious to the taste, and the greatest toilet discovery of the age Price 2s. 6s., of all Chemists and Perfumers throughout the world. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, of Farringdon-road, London.

DREAMS AND SCREAMS.

"GOD'S LIGHT ON THE MOUNTAINS."

"And God said, Let there be light. And there was light." One by one the clouds lifted, and the dense drooping veils of mist were slowly withdrawn. The great mountains became visible, clearly defined against the heavens' ethereally faint blue. Eternal snow lay frozen white upon them, and their cold, high peaks seemed very far way. But one wide bar of luminous gold lightened their slopes towards the east ; and in that warm and tender haze the hard snow melted, and the purple violets opened into bloom.

* * *

The dark figures of men advanced into the light. They had climbed for many hours. They had seen the radiance from afar, and now they entered it together. They were brothers in their common lot and creed, but as they stepped into the golden glory their brows grew heavy with distrust and wrath.

"What doest-thou here ?" said the one. "The Light is mine !"

"Nay, food," said the other, "thou liest—the Light is mine !"

And the evil frown deepened on their faces, and they forgot their brotherhood and fought ; fought with a merciless blind fury for every inch of that wondrous light that was not theirs ! fought till the violets on the turf sickened and died in the torrent of blood that was shed.

But suddenly between them a Shadow fell. And the Shadow's name was Death. Then those contesting twain shrank from each other's grasp in fear, and covering their eyes they fled swiftly ; and the Shadow went with them. And their blood sank into the cool brown earth, and the violets bloomed again. And God's Light lay still upon the mountains.

* * *

Two women came into the Light. They were great Queens, brow-bound with gold and burdened with a weight of gems. With them they dragged a fainting feeble creature like a child with wings, an almost dying thing that wept and wailed aloud and shuddered as it came. Reaching the Light, the women paused and faced each other.

"Loose thou thy hold of Love," said the one—"for lo, we have reached the goal, and, by the wonder of my beauty in the Light, both Light and Love are mine."

"O traitress !" cried the other. "What hast thou to do with beauty where I am ? I am the mistress of the world ; Love is my servant, Light my heritage. Dispute no more, for Love and Light are mine !"

And again the Shadow fell. Then those two rival Queens grew pale and thin, and melted like frail ghosts into the darkness. But the winged child remained alone, weeping. And God's Light lay softly on the mountains.

* * *

A solitary wayfarer advanced into the Light. Bare-headed and with uplifted eyes, he paused and looked and smiled. His limbs were very weary, his hands were hard with unrewarded toil ; but, though his face was pale and careworn, it was beautiful. His lips parted in a sigh of rapture.

"This is the Light !" he said, "My God, I thank thee !"

And the winged Love, who wept alone, drew near to him and kissed his feet.

"O, who art thou ?" it questioned him sobbingly. "Who art thou that hast toiled so far to find the Light, and hast no word of envy on thy lips, but only peace and praise ?"

And the Stranger, smiling, answered :—

"I am known as the Despised and Lonely ; in all the world I possess nothing, not even a blessing. Alone I have been from the first Beginning—alone must I be to the last end. But I have sought the Light and found it, wherefore I praise the Giver of the Light who hath not suffered me to be dismayed. For I bear the name most hated among men—the name of Truth."

And again the Shadow fell. Only it was no more a Shadow but a Brightness, brightening into the Light itself. And tired Truth drank in the golden Glory and grew strong. Love dried its childish tears, and afar off there was a sweet sound as of the singing of angels. And God's Light widened on the mountains.

[This poetical allegory is sent to a contemporary by a correspondent as having originally appeared in an old number of an African missionary magazine, now extinct. It was there unsigned, but no one who reads it (says the correspondent) can doubt that it is correctly attributed above. If not by Miss Schreiner, it is certainly a very happy attempt in the same style.]

SCREAMS.

A correspondent sends the following cutting from the *Bamblebury Baptist Herald* of 1849, now extinct. The beautiful allegorical fragment, which ends abruptly, bears strong internal evidence of having been written either by Miss Olive Screemer or by some other person ; we therefore print it without hesitation.

* * * * *

I came to a grey place. A'bus stood at the scarp of the hill. A palebrowed man said, " B'nk."

They were beating a commercial traveller to death.

I said, " This is hell."

He said, " Thou Best. It is De

ALLSOPP'S

LIGHT PALE ALE

AND

EXTRA STOUT.

ALLSOPP'S LIGHT PALE ALE is specially brewed to meet the public taste for light beers.

ALLSOPP'S EXTRA STOUT only requires to be known to become as popular as Allsopp's Pale Ale.

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THE HINDOO PENS, 1, 2, & 3. SOLD ALL OVER THE WORLD. THE WAVERLEY PEN.

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CURES FEVERS, INFLUENZA, DIARRHŒA, DYSENTERY, and ASIATIC CHOLERA. AGUE CRAMP. COLIC. NEURALGIA. and DENGUE FEVERS

REJECT SUBSTITUTES.

PIESSE & LUBIN from every flower that breathes a fragrance.

SWEET SCENTS LOXOTIS OPOPONAX FRANGIPANNI PSIDIUM

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NO STABLE IS COMPLETE WITHOUT

ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION

FOR SPRAINS, CURBS, AND SPLINTS WHEN FORMING. FOR OVER-REACHES, CHAPPED HEELS, WIND GALLS. FOR RHEUMATISM IN HORSES AND FOR STRANGLES. FOR SORE THROATS AND INFLUENZA. FOR BROKEN KNEES, BRUISES, CAPPED HOCKS. FOR SORE SHOULDERS, SORE BACKS. FOR SORE MOUTHS IN SHEEP AND LAMBS. FOR SPRAINS, CUTS, BRUISES IN DOGS.

Remarks by Masters of Hounds,

From His Grace the Duke of Rutland.
Belvoir, Grantham, Dec. 1st, 1879.

SIRS,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables; I think it very useful. RUTLAND,
Master of the Belvoir Hounds.

From Lord Haddington, Tyningham, Prestonkirk, N. B.
December 27th, 1889.

SIR,—ELLIMAN'S Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it indispensable in any stable, but especially in the stable of a Master of Hounds. HADDINGTON,
Master of the Berwickshire Hounds.

From the Earl of Harrington.
Jan. 9th., 1889.

SIR,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables, and I consider it the best that I can obtain. HARRINGTON,
Master of the South Wilts Hounds.

ELLIMAN'S ROYAL EMBROCATION

Sold by Chemists, Stores, and Saddlers, Price 2s.

ELLIMAN'S UNIVERSAL EMBROCATION RHEUMATISM LUMBAGO. SPRAINS. ELLIMAN'S EMBROCATION BRUISES CHEST COLDS SORE THROAT from COLD-STIFFNESS 1/1½

Prepared only by ELLIMAN SONS & Co Slough, Eng.

WORTH ITS WEIGHT IN GOLD!

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COOLING! INVIGORATING! REFRESHING!

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MR. SIMS REEVES says:—"This preparation is a great boon, simple, refreshing, and efficacious." Prevents and cures Indigestion, &c. Purifies the Blood. A Natural Tonic and most pleasant drink.

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It Purifies the Blood and Preserves the Bloom of Youth.

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Guaranteed to keep fresh in any climate.

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Price Re. 1-12 per large Bottle.

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LIFE, FORTUNE, AND HAPPINESS.

"Ring out false pride in place and blood,
The civic slander and the spite;
Ring in the love of truth and right,
Ring in the common love of good.

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

Especially to Consuls, Europeans generally, and all persons visiting or residing in Hot or Foreign Climates.

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT"

Is absolutely necessary for the Preservation of Health.

YOU CANNOT OVERSTATE ITS VALUE in keeping the BLOOD PURE; as a means of keeping the system clear, and thus taking away the ground-work of Malarious Diseases, BLOOD POISONS, and all Liver complaints, or as a HEALTH-GIVING, COOLING, and INVIGORATING BEVERAGE, or as a gentle LAXATIVE or Tonic in the various forms of Indigestion, ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is invaluable.

IT IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Biliousness. Sick Headache.
Mental Depression. Want of Appetite.
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SPARKLING AND REFRESHING DRAUGHT.—Notwithstanding its medicinal value, the "FRUIT SALT" must be looked upon as essential as breathing fresh air, or as a simple and safe beverage under ALL CIRCUMSTANCES, and may be taken as a sparkling and refreshing draught in the same way as Lemonade, Soda Water, Potass Water, &c., only it is much cheaper and BETTER, IN EVERY SENSE OF THE TERM, TO AN UNLIMITED EXTENT.

HEADACHE AND DISORDERED STOMACH.—After suffering two and a half years from severe headache and disordered stomach, and after trying everything, and spending much money without any benefit, I was recommended ENO'S "FRUIT SALT," and before I had finished one bottle I found it doing me a great deal of good, and now I am restored to my usual health; and others I know that have tried it have not enjoyed such good health for years.—Yours most truly, ROBERT HUMPHREYS, Post Office, Barrasford, England.

SAVED ME MUCH MISERY FROM FEVERS.—Two years' trial of your excellent "FRUIT SALT" has saved me much misery from colonial fevers, indigestion, and impaired appetite, to which I have been subject during eleven years' residence in the tropics. It is invaluable to travellers as a preventive of sea-sickness and a relief from other ailments. I would as soon think of going a voyage without my tooth-brush as my bottle of ENO'S "FRUIT SALT."—Yours, &c., W. J. B., British Guiana, Dec. 5, 1878.

HOT COUNTRIES.—ACIDITY OF STOMACH.—"I have used ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT,' and know it not alone to be excellent, but really invaluable. Especially in the hot countries of the East, where Acidity of the Stomach, Biliousness, and Fevers are so common."—J. M. PERRES, M.D., Author of *Around the World, Travels in Polynesia, China, India, Arabia, Egypt, &c., &c.*

IN CENTRE OF AFRICA WITHOUT ANY MEDICAL MAN.—"Natives came with all manner of diseases. One day we had a man that was said to be mad. Whether mad or not, he was far from well, and I gave him a large dose of ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT.' The poor fellow came back next morning to tell us that he was better. His breath was no longer offensive, and he looked cheerful. We were sorry when our supply of 'FRUIT SALT' was done; it was a favourite, both with natives and Europeans, and is much used along the malarious coasts."—*Africana*, by Rev. DUFF MACDONALD, M.A., B.D., Vol. II., p. 207.

CAUTION.—*Examine each bottle and see that the Capsule is marked* ENO'S "FRUIT SALT." *Without it you have been imposed on by a* WORTHLESS IMITATION. *Sold by all Chemists.*

PREPARED ONLY AT ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" WORKS, POMEROY STREET, NEW CROSS ROAD, LONDON, BY J. C. ENO'S PATENT.

"Ring out old shapes of foul disease,
Ring out the narrowing lust of gold,
Ring out the thousand wars of old,
Ring in the thousand years of peace."—*Tennyson.*

IMPORTANT TO ALL.

What every Travelling Trunk and every Household in the World ought to contain:—A Bottle of

ENO'S "FRUIT SALT,"

A Most Refreshing, Cooling, and Invigorating Beverage.

NO TRAVELLER SHOULD LEAVE HOME without a supply, for by its use the most dangerous forms of FEVERS, BLOOD POISONS, &c., are prevented and cured. It is, in truth, a FAMILY MEDICINE CHEST in the simplest yet most potent form. Instead of being lowering to the system, this preparation is, in the highest degree, invigorating. Its effect in relieving thirst, giving tone to the system, and aiding digestion, is most striking.

IT IS THE BEST PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Giddiness. Feverishness.
Thirst, &c. Unnatural Excitement.
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PRESERVING AND RESTORING HEALTH.—ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" acts as simply, yet just as powerfully, on the animal system as sunshine does on the vegetable world. It has a natural action on the organs of digestion, absorption, circulation, respiration, secretion, and excretion, and removes all harmless, thus preserving and restoring health.

TO PARENTS.—This preparation is invaluable in the nursery as a gentle laxative; it is pleasant to the taste, and much superior to senna or other nauseous draughts. After the ill effects of over-eating or exhaustion, it is extremely beneficial in any feverishness or heat of the skin. The bowels ought to be kept free by the "FRUIT SALT" for a month or six weeks after eruptive diseases, as Measles, Scarlet Fever, Chicken-pox, Small-pox, and all Fevers or Infectious Diseases, &c.; for its use frees the system of the "dregs."

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STIMULANTS and insufficient amount of exercise frequently derange the liver. ENO'S "FRUIT SALT" is peculiarly adapted for any constitutional weakness of the liver. A world of woe is avoided by those who keep and use ENO'S "FRUIT SALT."—"All our customers for ENO'S 'FRUIT SALT' would not be without it upon any consideration, they having received so much benefit from it."—WOOD BROTHERS, Chemists, Jersey, 1878.

SUPERIOR TO ALL OTHER SALINES.—"Dear Sir,—Having been in the habit of taking your 'FRUIT SALT' for many years, I think it only right to tell you that I consider it a most invaluable medicine, and far superior to all other saline mixtures. I am never without a bottle of it in the house, as I find it possesses three most desirable qualities, namely, it is pleasant to the taste, promptly efficacious, and leaves no unpleasant after-effects.—A DEVONSHIRE LADY.—Jan. 25, 1889."

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BUSHMILLS WHISKEY is absolutely pure, nothing but the best Malted Barley being used in the manufacture.

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OLD POT STILLS ONLY.

600 Opinions. 600

W. Sinclair Thompson, M.D., F.R.C.S., writes from London—"I have appreciated your old Whiskey very much, and recommend it to my patients."

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PARIS EXHIBITION. OLD BUSHMILLS BEAT ALL. JUDGES AWARDED IT THE ONLY GOLD MEDAL FOR WHISKEY.

Edmund Yates,

"His Recollections & Experiences," Vol. I., page 251, says:—

I COULD not afford good wine, and would not give bad; but there was some Irish Whiskey which I procured through Mayne Reid ("BUSHMILLS" was its name), which was highly esteemed.

Writing in the *World* of Dec. 22, 1886, he says:—

MENTION made, in certain *Reminiscences* of mine, of a pleasant and wholesome alcoholic stimulant, called "Bushmills Whiskey," has led the proprietors of the famous Distillery to assure me that their alcohol is still extant in its pristine excellence, and, to confirm the assurance, send me a specimen of their produce. "All taps," we are assured by Mr. Stiggins, "is wanity;" but I am glad to find that a favourite "wanity" of my youth is as mellow and as innocuous as when first introduced to my notice by my old friend, Captain Mayne Reid.

The Bushmills Company will be glad to hear from firms who keep their Whiskey, or who wish to keep it, so that their names may be added to this Advertisement if desired.

"THREE STAR" BRAND Best Old Whiskey. "TWO STAR" and "ONE STAR" BRANDS According to Age.

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OLD SHIRTS made as good as New, with New Fronts, Cuffs, and Collar Bands, of very best Irish Linen, Laundried ready to wear, 2/6 each. New Irish-made Shirts, for dress or ordinary wear, fine long cloth in body and best Irish Linen in Fronts, Cuffs, and Collar Bands, half-dozen sent post free any part India for 27/, 35/, 40/, 47/.
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LINEN COLLARS AND CUFFS. Best 4-fold, 4/6, and 5/6 dozen; made exact to pattern, 2/9; half-dozen, post free. Cuffs for insertion, 3/6 half-dozen; Collar Bands, 2/6 dozen.

IRISH LINENS Napkins, 2/6 per dozen; Dinner Napkins, 4/6 per dozen; Table Cloths, two yards square, 2/9 each; Kitchen Table Cloths, 11½d. each; real Irish Linen Sheeting, fully bleached, two yards wide, 1/11 per yard; and Linen Diaper, 8½d. per yard; Nursery Diaper, 4½d. per yard; Surplice Linen, 7d. per yard; Glass Cloths, 3/6 per dozen. LINEN TOWELS, 3/6 per dozen; Damask Towels, 6/6 per dozen; Turkish Bath Towels, 1/ each. Better qualities of all kinds Table and House Linen equally cheap.

IRISH CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS. Children's, 1/2; Ladies', 2/6; Gent's, 3/6. Hem-stitched—Ladies' 2/11; Gent's, 4/11 per dozen. Better qualities equally cheap. Price Lists and Patterns of all kinds of Linen Goods and Hosiery sent to any part of the world post free.

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OPOPANAX | HELIOTROPE
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and other well known Perfumes are superior to all others for their strength and natural fragrance.

Of all Dealers.

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CAUTION! Only genuine with shield-shape blue & yellow label & usual Trade Mark, "White Rose," and address in full.

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TRADE MARK.

PASTA MACK For Bath & Toilet Use. This entirely new and excellent health-giving preparation SOFTENS THE WATER, gives it a most delicious odour, and BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION in a most extraordinary way. Should be in every Bathroom and Bedroom. To be had of all respectable Chemists and Perfumers throughout the World. Sole Manufacturer and Inventor, H. MACK, Ulm a/D.

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THOMSON'S Glove-fitting CORSET Trade Mark.

The Perfection of Shape, Finish, and Durability. Approved by the whole polite world. ANNUAL SALE OVER ONE MILLION PAIRS. To be had of all Dealers throughout the World. NINE FIRST MEDALS.

Manufacturers: W. S. THOMSON & CO., LIMITED, LONDON.

LYMPHATIC, FEEBLE, DEBILITATED CONSTITUTIONS.
Scrofulous Cachexis,
Green Sickness, Leucorrhœa,
Difficult Menstruation, Anæmia,
Constitutional Syphilis, Phthisis, etc.

BLANCARD'S CELEBRATED PILLS,
OF UNALTERABLE IODIDE OF IRON,
Approved by the Paris Academy of Medicine,
Are the best remedy.
BLANCARD & Cº, 40, rue Bonaparte, PARIS.

3 KOPJE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.
For cleansing and clearing the blood from all impurities, it cannot be too highly recommended.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Skin and Blood Diseases, Eczema, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

It Cures Old Sores,
Cures Ulcerated Sores on the Neck.
Cures Ulcerated Sore Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy Sores.
Cures Cancerous Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Cures the Blood from all impure matter
From whatever cause arising.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is the only real Specific for Gout and Rheumatic pains, for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones.
As this mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

"It is entirely free from any poison or metallic impregnation, does not contain any injurious ingredient and is a good safe, and useful medicine.—ALFRED SWAINE TAYLOR, M.D., F.R.S., Lecturer on Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology."
"The Hon. Surgeon to His Excellency the Viceroy of India prescribes Clarke's Blood Mixture largely, and speaks highly of its efficacy in skin affections, &c. On this account we wrote asking if you could supply the Mixture for dispensing purposes."—Letter from A. John & Co., Druggists, &c., Agra, India, June, 1885.

West Cowes, Isle of Wight, September, 1888.
"Dear Sirs,—Through the merits of your excellent Clarke's Blood Mixture the large red pimples which covered my face are fast disappearing. For a long time I put up with the discomfort of these pimples thinking that nothing would do any good. At last I was persuaded to try your medicine, and now I have taken one bottle they are rapidly vanishing. It cannot be too highly recommended, and I am most grateful. I will tell all my friends about it, but they really do not require telling because they can see the difference for themselves. You may publish this if needful.—I am, gratefully yours,
"ISLA ERALGDINE RIPON."

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS.
Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in Bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases, containing six times the quantity, 11s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long standing cases. BY ALL CHEMISTS and PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."
CAUTION.
Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln," appear on the Government Stamp affixed to each bottle. Without this none are genuine.

NOTICES.

Dr Laville's Liquor & Pills (Perfectly harmless)

GOUT The unfailing specific FOR CURE OF & Rheumatism

THE LIQUOR to be used in acute state & THE PILLS in the Chronical state.
« A single bottle sufficient for two, » « to three months treatment. »
Sold by all respectable Chemists
WHOLESALE: COMAR, 28, r. St-Claude, PARIS

Prize £ 660 Paris

QUINA-LAROCHE LAROCHE'S CINCHONA WINE

"It is an agreeable and doubtless highly efficacious remedy." (THE LANCET.)

This *Vinous-Elixir* is the most powerful and valuable of the preparations of cinchona as a strengthening and antifebrile restorative. Been employed in cases of weakness and general debility, loss of appetite, change of life, fever nervousness, exhaustion, etc.

Also prepared with IRON *Dyspepsia*, purifying the Blood, for *Anæmia, Chlorosis*, for *Scrofulous Affections*, etc.

PARIS, 25, RUE DROUOT, 25, PARIS.

BOMBAY: PRUDHOMME & Co., Druggists.

"FALIÈRES' PHOSPHATINE"
A most agreeable food and of easy digestion
Invaluable for infants, particularly at the time of weaning
Facilitates dentition.
Insures the proper formation of bones and combats the defects of growth

NERVOUS MALADIES QUICKLY CURED BY FALIÈRES' Granulated Bromide of Potassium

Approved of by the Paris Academy of Medecine

With each Bottle is enclosed a spoon measure of 8 grains. The patient may thus himself prepare the solution as required, according to the prescription of the physician.

SOLD BY ALL RESPECTABLE CHEMISTS.
WHOLESALE: *Bombay*, Kemp & Co; *Paris*, Chassaing & Cº, 6, Avenue Victoria.

« Messrs CHASSAING & Cº (members of the Jury at the Liverpool « Exibition 1886) are the only French « chemists whoses medicaments were « awarded the Gold Medal & Certificat « of merit 1st Class at the Calcutta « Exhibition 1883-84 ».

TOOTACHE cured instantaneously by MATHEY-CAYLUS Japanese Drops

DIRECTIONS FOR USE WITH BOTTLE
1174 Sold by all Chemists
WHOLESALE: CLIN & Cº, PARIS

NERVOUS DISEASES Capsules of Dr CLIN

Laureate of the Faculty of Medicine of Paris. Montyon Prize

These Capsules are used with the greatest success in Mental affections *Asthma, Insomnia, Giddiness, Sick headache* and in all cases of nervous excitement.

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1172 Sold by all Chemists
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Poorness of Blood, Debility: Dr RABUTEAU'S IRON

Dragees, Elixir & Syrup are superior to all other ferruginous preparations.

no COSTIVENESS, no DIARRHŒA

DIRECTIONS FOR USE WITH BOTTLE
1167 Sold by all Chemists
WHOLESALE: CLIN & Cº, PARIS

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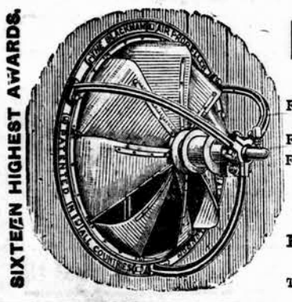

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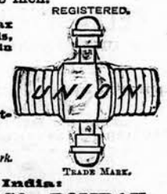

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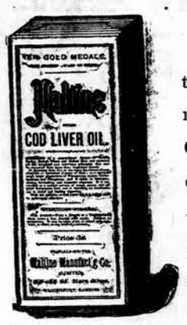

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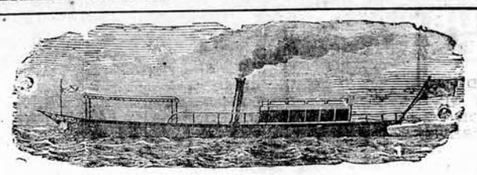

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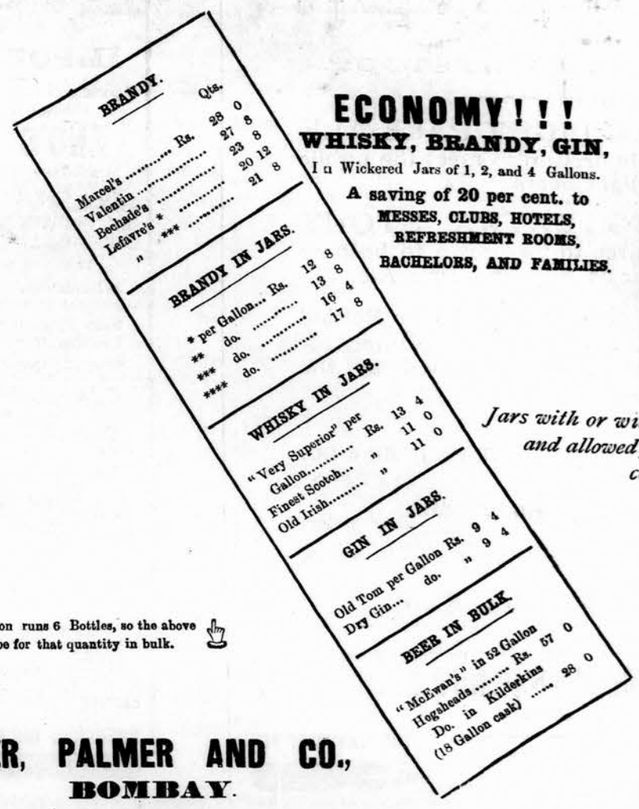
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